Arabiyat returns from Tehran

AMMAN (Petra) - Lower House of Parliament Speaker Abdul Latif Arabiyat returned to Amman Friday after taking part in an Iranian-sponsored conference on Palestine which concluded in Tehran Tuesday. Dr. Arabiyat was accompanied by a Jordanian parliamentary delegation which comprised deputies Abdul Majid Shreideh and Mohammd Al Haj. The conference, in which ministers and parliamentarians from 60 countries participated, called for forming a joint force named Al Quds (Jerusalem) army to liberate all Palestine. Dr. Arabiyat said, in a ment at the sirport that the conference recommended collecting donations to support the steadfastness of the Palestinian people. The Arab Parliamentary Union, he said, held a meeting on the sidelines of the conference to unify their stands. "Heads of the Islamic parliamentary delegation urged participants in the conference to support Iraq and lift the embargo imposed on it since Aug. 1990," he said.

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Bush: U.S. will be an active partner in

ian wing

is smale

Madrid WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush said Friday that the United States will be a "committed and active partner" in the Middle East peace conference that opens next week. Mr. Bush also said his talks

Gorbachev before the conference will cover any subject the Soviet leader wants to bring up.
The U.S. president characterised the Madrid talks a first step

with Soviet President Mikhail

towards peace in a trouble part of the world. "The United States cannot

make peace, only the parties themselves can do that," the president told a news conference at the White House. The president said he would

meet privately with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir while in Madrid for the ceremonial opening of the peace conference. The meting expands Mr. Bush's role beyond a ceremonial

The private session with Mr. Gorbachev, who is attending as co-host, will be "open-ended" covering subjects such as nuclear weapons and the Soviet economy

- "anything that he's interested in," Mr. Bush said. It will be their first meeting since the collapse of a hardline communist coup against Mr. Gorbachev in August, and since the

two leaders announced steps to cut their nuclear arsenals... Mr. Bush said he would use the occasion to present another de-

tailed arms initiative. Mr. Bush turned aside questions on the specifics of the peace

But he said, "we are trying to be a catalyst." His comments suggested he may have private suggestions for Mr. Shamir about shaping a settlement with the

25 25

Mr. Bush commended the statesmanship uf all countries that agreed to attend the peace conference, and said "sitting down together is the beginning of

Mr. Bush stressed the "historic nature" of the conference, the first in the region since a failed attempt in 1973. He noted that the Middle East has been "characterised by dangerous and tragic

conflicts for decades." Even as he expressed his hopes for the outcome of the Madrid talks, Mr. Bush brushed aside a question about whether progress was possible without Israel giving up territory it took in 1967.

Diplomats and experts expected to

dominate Jordan's negotiation team

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

was completing work last night on the names of the Jordanian side to the joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation, and a final list is expected to be announced today. Career diplomats and technical experts are expected to dominate the Jordanian team, which will meet today with their Palestinian counterparts to get to know each other and coordinate strategy on the historic Middle East conference that-opens in Madrid on

Informed sources confirmed the names of 12 of the Jordanian delegates but said that the list was not yet finalised by Friday evening. The sources also confirmed that Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber will head the juint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation and that Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali, a former minister and advisor to His Majesty the King, will head the Jordanian team to bilateral talks with the Israelis. The 12 confirmed delegates

Egypt

freezes

visa rule

AMMAN (J.T.) — Informa-

tion Minister Mahmoud Al

Sharif said Friday that the

Egyptian authorities froze a

decision calling for Jordanians to obtain visas before

entering Egyptian territory.

Jordan News Agency, Petra,

Mr. Sharif said the visa re-

would be frozen until the

Egyptian authorities annul the decision. He said Foreign

Minister Kamel Abu Jaber

was informed by his Egyptian

counterpart Friday in a tele-

phune conversation of

The two foreign ministers

had the issue under discus-

sion Thursday in Damascus

at a meeting of the foreign

ministers of Jordan, Egypt,

Palestine, Lebanun and

Syria. Press reports published

Friday said Jordanians should

obtain a visa before visiting

Egypt. The reports quoted a

senior Egyptian officer at

Cairo airport as saying that

Cairo's decision.

In a statement given to the

(France), Ambassador Mohammead Udwan (the Soviet Union). Ambassador Talal Sataan Al Hassan (Belgium and the European Community), Ambassadordesignate Fuad Ayyoub (the United Kingdom), Armed Forces General Abdul Hafez Mar'ee, Vice-President of the University of Jordan Adnan Al Bakhit, Foreign Ministry official and advisor to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Aoun Khassawneh, Secretary General of the Ministry of Municipalities and former Jordan Valley Authurity Directur-General Mohammad Bani Hani, former Governor of Jerusalem Anwar Al Khatib and Harvard University

The inclusion of Mr. Khatib and Prof. Khalidi is seen as an effort to fulfill the criteria set by the Palestine National Council (PNC) last month in which the Palestinian partiament-in-exile demanded that Palestinians from Jerusalem and in the diaspora be

professor Walid Al Khalidi, who

s also an international expert on

Palestinian affairs.

The delegation, described by officials as a "team of government officials and experts," will maintain contact with Prime Minister Taber Masri as a reference point with the cabinet, which is constitutionally required to approve the agreements result-

ing from negotiations. The cabinet had met Thursday to approve an initial list of delegates but the final decision was postponed until today when the cabinet is expected to meet again and approve the final list of

The cabinet, a coalition of several distinct groups espousing different ideologies and political leanings and techocrats, has endorsed Jordanian participation in the conference, but individual ministers are emphasising that they remian the "reference body for the delegation on points of development in negotiations." This was one of the key issues discussed during a cabinet session Thursday, sources told the Jor-

(Continued on page 7)

Israel names hardline team, threatens boycott

named a hardline team on Friday to Middle East peace talks and threatened to walk unt if a Palestinian whu declared his negotiating team represented the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) attended.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who pushed aside his Foreign Minister David Levy to take charge of the team, picked a hawks.

It did not include Mr. Levy whose aides say will now challenge Mr. Shamir for the Likud party leadership. Yossi Ahimeir, a Shamir aide,

said the prime minister had wanted a member of the opposition Labour Party - Edna Solodar - on the team.

Labour, he said, instead offered Benjamin Ben-Eliezer, a retired general and one-time courdinator of the Israelioccupied territories.

Mr. Shamir, a vehement opponent of earlier U.S. attempts to end the 43-year-old Arab-Israel conflict, ditched Mr. Levy

The sumb fuelled rumours of a leadership battle within Likud, but Mr. Shamir's aides have sought to calm speculation of any threat to the 76-year-old prime minister. Mr. Levy has kept silent but his officials and his brother have said he would challenge Mr.

Mr. Shamir added fire to the dispute Friday by naming Deputy

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel Foreign Minister Binyamin Netanyahu, a rival of Mr. Levy. as one of the delegates to Madrid. Mr. Netanyahu gained lome fame in the United States during the Gulf war as spokesman for

Also included were such leading lawmakers from Mr. Shamir's likud bloc as Sarah Doron and Uzi Landau, as well as several career diplomats including States, Zalman Shoval.

The list was amounced by Mr Shamir's spokesman, Ehud Goi, who said an advisory committee would be named later.

Two of those named in the prime minister's team, Yossi Ben Aharon, director general of Mr. Shamir's uffice, and cabinet secretary Elaykim Rubinstein, are expected to draw the toughest

Mr. Ben Aharon, who many believe is more hardline than Mr. Shamir, is expected to head bilateral talks with Syria. Mr. Rubinstein is likely to have

drawn leadership of bilateral negotiations with the Jordanian-Palestinian team. The Palestinians are sending a 14-member advisory committee

along with the 14 negotiators who will be part of a joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation. The other members of the Israeli delegation are:

(Continued from page 2) See page 2 for profiles of the Israell delegates.



the King Husseln Bridge early Friday (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

Palestinian team suggests 'confidence-building' steps occupied territories teams;

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

Jordan finalises delegation; Palestinian team arrives

AMMAN — The Palestinian delegation and its newly-expanded steering committee arrived in Amman Friday to further coordinate their position with the Jordanian side before travelling to Madrid on Monday as a joint Iordanian-Palestinian delegation to attend the opening of the Middle East peace conference on Wednesday.

The delegation, headed by prominent nationalist and Gaza physician Haider Abdul Shafi, and its steering committee headed by Faisal Husseini, were met by Jordanian and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials at the King Hussein Bridge across the Jordan River.

Thursday was expanded from seven to 14 people who include representatives from refugee camps and pro-PLO factions.

Hanan Ashrawi from the steering committee, who could not attend direct negotiations because she has an indentity card from Jerusalem, told reporters upon arrival at the Plaza Hotel lobby that the talks with Jordanian officials and the Jordanian delegation, whose names had not yet been announced, would focus on further coordination before the U.S.-Soviet sponsored Madrid conference starts on Wednesday.

The talks will be to coordinate

and work out the logistics and pro-cedural issues," said Dr. Ashrawi, a professor of English literature at Bir Zeit University near Ramallah. Mr. Husseini, said that the sche-dule of receings with the Jordanian side was not wer known but a series of side was not yet known but a series of

Masri meets PLO and coordination going well

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Prime Minister Tahe Masti met on Friday with Senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials and the Palestinian side of the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to coordinate stands prior to the Madrid Middle East peace e this week.

The joint delegation was scheduled to start a two-day meeting to work out a mechanism for the work of the

delegation at Madrid.

Since the PLO approved the Palestinian delegation last week Jordanian-Palestinian coordination has been conducted on two interrelated and overlapping levels: Coordination between the PLO and Jordan, which outlines the framework of this coordination; and talks between

the Palestinian delegation from the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Both Jordan and the PLO have so far been cautious not provide Israel, which says it refuses to talk with personalities linked with the PLO. with the opportunity to torpedo the

The resulting process is that no formal meetings between PLO officials and the Palestinian delegates are

The PLO delegation, headed by PLO Foreign Minister Faronk Qad-douni, and the Palestinian team which crossed the bridge on Friday, all staying at the Plaza Hotel.

Mr. Masri went to the Plaza Friday evening and he met with both the PLO delegation led by Mr. Qad-

(Continued on page 7)

Damascus meeting agrees on united stand in Madrid

Arab leaders have forged a com-

Syria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon and mainstream members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation hammered out a common negotiating position to bring to the Madrid meeting. Sandi Ara-bia and Morocco, who will attend as observers, backed the decisions by the front-line Arab states

bordering Israel. In the meeting in Damascus, the front-line participants agreed not tu reach separate peace accords with Israel, demanded a halt to Jewish settlements in the occupied territories and insisted that Israel negotiate on the status

One of the Arab sources in mon stance for next week's Middle East peace conference at a
meeting of their foreign ministers

Damascus, speaking on condition
of anonymity, said the participants at the meeting differed widely on some points, but after Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Sharmir's decision to lead the

Israeli delegation they felt their

best stand would be "total har-The Arab states want a "com-plete Israeli withdrawal" from the occupied Arab territories, including Jerusalem, an "immediate freeze" on the construction of Jewish settlements in the occupied territories, and "realisation of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people" who seek an

independent homeland. Palestinian officials said Friday

issues such as water rights will not be tackled until Israel agrees to discuss withdrawing from the occapied Arab lands.

Multilateral talks between Israel and the Arabs are due to take place on issues including arms control and water rights following the Madrid conference. Bilateral talks are due to begin four days later.

West Bank Palestinian leader Hanan Ashrawi said in Amman that Palestinian officials pledged at the two-day meeting in Damascus not to sign separate bilateral treaties with Israel without progress on the Palestinian problem.

"There will not be any single treaties between any single Arab country and Israel," Dr. Ashrawi in Amman the Arab parties to the told reporters in Amman.

Destruction of Iraqi arms may take until 1993

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -Iraq's chemical weapons arsenal is so vast, dangerous and unwieldy that U.N. teams will not be able to finish destroying it until at least 1993, a top U.N. official

"The ... munitions that are filled with nerve agents and mustard gas and so on, as you can imagine, those are extremely dangerous to handle," said Roif Ekeus, head of the U.N. special commission set up to destroy Iraq's chemical arsenal and other mass destruction weapons.

Disposing of the munitions poses "a great risk," Mr. Ekeus

A team of about 50 U.N. special commission inspectors is currently surveying the main Iraqi chemical weapons site at the Muthama military base outside of Baghdad. Their mission is due to end in early November.

The munitions will be destroyed on site at Muthanna, and chemical weapons found else-where in Iraq are being transported there.

The inspectors are checking all of the many buildings on the site because Baghdad has consistently understated its weapons prog-rammes in its declarations to the

United Nations. In April, Iraq declared it had about 12,000 chemical bombs,

shells and missiles, but inspectors found abunt 46,000 loaded weapons, along with 79,000 unfilled munitions, over 600 tons of chemical warfare agents and 3,000 tons of precursor chemic-

"We will work well into 1993 on the destruction of chemicals: that will be a prolonged element," Mr. Ekeus told reporters. "We have now 125,000 items to take care of, which is an enor-

mous amount." Iraq declared after the Gulf war that it had 52 Scud or modified Scud missiles, and 30 chemical weapon warheads for them.

ment policies.

sources, Mr. Dughmi had submitted his resignatiuu several times in the past, including during his tenure in the Badran cabinet, after sharp differences arose between him and other ministers over labour policies and other issues involving govern-

"It was mostly a question of chemistries not mixing," commented a cabinet member. "Mr. Dughmi had his own way of doing things and some of his colleagues did not see eye-to-eye with him, and the differences gradually grew to an irreconcilable rift," said the source. "Mr. Dughmi had submitted his resignation at least six times in the past, but everytime he

Mr. Dughmi, who lives in

(Continued on page 7)

Dughmi's resignation expected to end differences in cabinet over labour policies

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The resignation of Abdul Karim Dughmi as labour minister was accepted Thursday, ending differences in the council of ministers ng several months over labour policies and other issues concerning guvernment work.

The resignation was not a spur-of-the-moment decision but the culmination of differences in approach among members of the cabinet of Prime Minister Taher Masri and had a lot to do with the basic concept of "Jordanisation" of the Kingdom's workforce, according to informed sources and analysts.

A Royal Decree was issued Thursday accepting Mr. Dughmi's resignation and appointing Qaseem Obeidat, ester of state for prime inistry affairs, as acting



Abdul Karim Dughmi

labour minister. Dr. Obeidat had served as labour minister under Prime Minister Mudar Badran from December 1989 to January 1991.

Reports of Mr. Dughmi's departure from the cabinet emerged Wednesday, when the minister sent word that he had resigned his job effective Oct. 13, but it was not then clear whether his resignation

would be accepted by King Hussein, following a recommendation from the prime minister, who was said to have involved in a last-ditch effort to convince the deputy from the northern constituency of Mafraq to stay.
"Prime Minister Masri himself and several cabinet

colleagues tried in vain to talk Mr. Dughmi out uf resigning," said a cabinet source. "They gave up after Mr. Dnghmi refused to budge from his position,' added the source, who, like most others who spoke to the Jordan Times on the issue, preferred anonymity.

Accounts of the reasons of the resignation of Mr. Dughmi vary, but a consensus among various sources is that it had little to do with politics related to Jordan's participation in the peace process. Mr. Dughmi, a lawyer by

profession, joined the gov-

cipal affairs and the environment in December 1989 when ernment after the parliamenfolio in the Masri cabinet.

ernment as minister of muni-

which was sworn in on June

Oascern Obeidat

Mr. Badran formed his govtary elections in November of that year. He was appointed minister of labour in the cabinet reshuffle of January 1991, and retained the port-

Arafat will stay out of talks, will accept outcome NEW YORK (Agencies) -

Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said Friday that the Palestinian delegation to the Mideast talks would negotiate without his help, and he promised to abide by the conference's out-

"Anything these Palestinian leaders in this conference will accept, I will accept," he said in a television interview. Mr. Arafat appeared on a large

television screen in a studio as he spoke by satellite from Tunis, Donahue and Vladimir Pozner, a Soviet political commentator. Several callers posed questions, but Mr. Arafat appeared to have difficulty hearing much of what was said in the studio.

The Palestinians are going to the conference in a joint delegation with Jordan, and will be advised by a 14-member committee. The talks are scheduled to start Wednesday in Madrid,

A major issue of conflict in convening the talks was the background of Palestinian negotistors. Erzel ruled out any from outside the occupied territories or anyone with strong ties to the

A sign of the issue's explosiveness arese Friday, when Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's spokezman said Israel would con-

sider pulling out of the talks if the

delegation included Saeb Erekat. who said in an interview Thursday that his delegation "was

chosen by the PLO." In response to a question from Mr. Donahne whether the Palestinian delegates represented the PLO, Mr. Arafat said yes, but only because "any Palestinian represents the PLO."

They have declared many times because they are Palestimians, they are leaders in our occupied territories — they will represent the PLO," he said. He said that principle was part of the PLO's charter.

Mr. Arafat's response showed how he was seeking to maintain a PLO profile in the talks yet not provoke the Israelis enough for them to back out. Earlier, Mr. Donahue asked

the PLO chairman if he would

communicate with the delegation during the talks. "They are not in need of me now," Mr. Arafat said. "They have all the probabilities and capabilities and everything." In explaining why the Palesti-nians chose to attend the confer-

ence, Mr. Arafat said it was to avoid a split in the peace process and not to give Israel any excuse for avoiding negotiations. Mr. Arafat was asked if be was optimistic. He said the talks

would not be easy. "We are in

need of more efforts to achieve

Turks renew raids against-**Kurds in northern Iraq**

ANKARA (Agencies) - Turkish warplanes and helicopters attacked Turkish Kurdish guerrilla bases in northern Iraq Friday for the second time this month, the semi-official Anatolia news agency reported.

The bases were suspected to be run by guerrillas of the outlawed Kurdish Labour Party (PKK), a group fighting for independence in southeastern Turkey since 1984. The area is home to about half of Turkey's 12 million Kurds.

"Our forces are hitting and returning. The opeation is along the border and a few kilometres inside Iraq," the news agency quoted General Dogan Gures, chief of the Turkish general staff,

It reported that Turkish jets took off from an air base at Diyarbakir at 4. a.m. (0200 GMT) and hit their targets. After that, it said, "large numbers" of helicopters took nff from Hakkari, 550 kilometres to the east. with troops at 7 a.m. (0500 GMT) and returned an hour later. At 10.30 a.m. (0830 GMT), a

headed for Iraq, the agency said.

The new Turkish military operation followed the arrival in southeastern Turkey on Thursday of Gen. Gures and other top military commanders.

second wave of jets took off and

The raids appeared to be mounted in response to Kurdish rebel attacks Thursday on army outposts in the villages of Cayirli, Erisli and Cinarli near the border town of Cukurca in Hakkari province, Anatolia said. The night before, rebels ambushed an army patrol near the border town of Silopi, killing five soldiers and attacked an express train, killing

Anatolia said at least 30 people raids that killed nine soldiers in a were wounded in Friday's raids, including soldiers and civilians.

Siamand Banaa, the Ankara representative of the Democratic Party of Kurdistan (KDP), a leading Iraqi Kurdish opposition movement, said be was told by Turkish officials that the raid had been mounted to capture about 400 PKK guerrillas who reportedly staged the recent raids.

lamented in a telephone inter-

view with the Associated Press.

Iraq on Aug. 5 and Oct. 11 after attacks by Turkish Kurdish guer-

rillas on border posts left 21

soldiers dead. Iraq condemned

Turkey, dismissing protests from Iraq, Iraqi Kurdish groups in loose control of northern Iraq,

and its NATO ally Germany, said last week it would mount further

More than 3,300 people have

been killed in the southeast since

1984 when the PKK began fight-

The cross-border thrust fol-

lowed Sunday's general election which made Suleyman Demirel's

True Path Party the biggest fac-tion in parliament, but failed to

Two earlier Turkish incursions

into Iraq were sparked by PKK

give him a clear majority.

ing for an independent state.

raids if necessary

The Patriotic Union of Knrdistan, led by Jalal Talabani, and the Serchil Kazaz, another Kurdish Knrdish Democratic Party of spokesman representing the Pat-Masnud Barzani have comrintie Union of Knidistan plained that Turkish raids have (PUK) here, said he had received killed and injured Kurdish civino information so far. lians. Turkey has denied the from Kurdish sources as to the targets and possible casualties. charges. But Mr. Banaa voiced fears

Iraq twice protested to the United Nations after the second about possible new civilian vicraid, accusing the Turks of using napalm on civilians. Why is it always us who is suffering everytime?"

Ankara dismissed the complaints as unacceptable, saying it was determined to wipe out PKK

gendarmerie post on Aug. 4 and

11 soldiers on border patrol on

Ankara says the PKK is ex-

ploiting a power vacuum in north-

em Iraq created when allied

troops forced the Iraqi army to

move south in April to let half a

million Knrdish refugees go

bases in northern Iraq.

Mr.Demirel, weighing coalition options before the newly-Turkey staged raids in northern elected parliament convenes next week, has pledged to keep up the fight against the PKK. He won 178 seats in the 450-member assembly.

Mr. Talabani was due to visit.

Ankara Saturday before return-ing to northern Iraq after a lengthy foreign tour. His spokesman Qazzaz said be

would meet the U.S. charge d'affaires and the British, German and Japanese envoys. He could not say which Turkish officials he would meet.

Previously President Turgut Ozal's spokesman Kaya Toperi had handled contacts with Iraqi Kurdish leaders, but Mr. Demire has sworn to force Mr. Ozal to keep out of diplomacy in future.



King Hassan picks Jew as adviser

RABAT (R) - King Hassan has appointed Andre Azoulay, a Moroccan Jew, as his economic and financial adviser, palace sources said Friday. He is the second Jew to be appointed to high office since independence in 1956. French-educated Azoulay, 50, founded the defunct economic daily Maroc Informations in Casablanca and later became a senior executive of the French bank Paribas. In 1979 he founded the Identity and Dialogue Association in France to promote understanding between Israel and the Palestinians. He was made a member of the Legion of Honour by former French Prime Minister Michael Rocard in 1981 for his work as vice-president of the International Centre For Peace in the Middle East. Born in the coastal town of Essaouira south of Casablanca, Mr. Azoulay is a member of a distinguished Moroccan Jewish family. Leon Benzaquen, a Moroccan Jew, was minister of posts in the first independent government for two years at a time when the Moroccan Jewish community numbered 275,000. The community has since diminished to about 8,000 after mass emigrations to Israel.

Two Sudanese accidentally killed

NAIROBI (AP) — Two Sudanese men were killed by bags of food airdropped to an estimated 100,000 stranded refugees near the southern Sudanese town of Pochala, the Red Cross said Friday. The airdrop was suspended temporarily pending further investigation of the Thursday accident, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said in a statement. The two men, both in their 40s, were killed when part of a food load dropped from a C-130 Hercules cargo plane fell outside the designated drop zone, the ICRC said. Hundreds of people gather daily around Pochala's small, dirt airstrip awaiting the food's arrival. The needy in Pochala are Sudanese who returned from Ethiopia in May when fighting that toppled that country's government threatened their refugee camps. They walked several days, fording rivers, to reach Sudan's eastern border where they were marooned by vast swamps which cover much of the region during its annual rainy season. The rainy season is not expected to end until December, leaving the returnees dependent for their food on the Red Cross, which has delivered 2,500 tonnes to them since July. The ICRC said it aimed to use the airdrop to deliver 60 per cent of the 3,800 tonnes of food needed in Pochala until the end of the year. The rest will be brought in on small planes capable of landing on the rudimentary airstrip, the ICRC said.

Ethiopia, Sudan sign cooperation agreement

ADDIS ABABA (AP) - Ethiopia and Sudan have signed an agreement of cooperation and friendship ending years of acrimomons charges of interference in each others affairs. The agreement was signed Thursday by the heads of state of the two countries at the end of a two-day state visit to Ethiopia by Lieutenant-General Omar Hassan Al Bashir, Sudan's military leader. Gen. Bashir's was the first official visit by a head of state since former President Mengistu Haile Mariam was overthrown in May by the Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Democratic Front. Under Colonel Mengistu, relations between the two East African neighbours were strained by their support for each others insurgencies. After Mr. Mengistu's ouster, Ethiopia's rebels nn longer needed refuge in Sudan and after seizing power they evicted Sudanese insurgents from Ethiopian territory. In a series of speeches during his visit, Gen. Bashir repeatedly said that a new era of peace and stability in the region was ushered in with Col. Mengistu's overthrow.

34 wells remain to be capped in Kuwalt

KUWAIT (R) - Firefighters say they have capped all but 34 of a total of 732 oil wells set alight or damaged in the Gulf war, in February. A string of international teams fighting the roaring fires in Kirwait's oilfields expect the remaining wells to be capped in less than two weeks. "If we keep up the current pace, the wells will be out in less than two weeks," one American firefighter said. The last well will be capped by a Kuwaiti team. Up to 27 years tackling the world's worst oilfield disaster say they are now capping up to six wells a day compared to one every four days when they started battling the inferno in March. The teams say some of the remaining wells are difficult to cap because of ground fires raging around i. The emirate is currently proper day against a daily ontput of two million barrels before Iraq's invasion of Aug. 2, 1990.

Saudis send \$3 million to PLO

TUNIS (R) - Saudi Arabia has sent the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) a cheque for nearly \$3 million it collected from private donors, a senior Palestinian official said Friday. Abu-Ala, director of the PLO's Economic and Financial Department, told Reuters the gift came from the Saudi Arabian Committee for the Support of the Palestinian Combattants. PLO relations with Riyadh soured during the Gulf war, PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed-Rabbo said Thursday after talks in Damascus with Saudi Foreign Minister Saud Al Faisal that Saudi Arabia had pledged to restore ties. Diplomats in Tunis said relations had improved because of the PLO's acceptance of the Middle East peace talks sponsored by Washington and Moscow. "Saudi Arabia is among the countries which are the most aware of Palestinian difficulties," Mr. Abo Ala said. "We are sure its support will continue and be intensified." Under resolutions adopted at a 1988 Arab summit in Algiers Saudi Arabia agreed to give the PLO \$6.2 million a month.

Saudis planning purchase of British equipment

LONDON (AP) — Saudi Arabia expects to announce a major purchase of British defence equipment by the end of this year, the Times of London reported Friday quoting the Saudi ambassador to the United States. Ambassador Prince Bandar Ben Sultan did not specify the composition of the order or the amount. But the Times estimated the sale at £10 billion (\$17 billion) over five years. It said the order is expected to include 48 Tornado and 60 Hawk jet fighters made by British Aerospace, 40 helicopters made by Westland Group, six minesweepers and some air-to-air missiles.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Palestinian rebels control 'Ain Al Hilweh

SIDON (AP) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat moved fast Friday to end a revolt against his acceptance of the Middle East peace conference, Palestinian sources said.

The sources at Lebanon's largest Palestinian refugee camp said Mr. Arafat's command in Tunis was in radio contact with rebel commander Major Munir Makdah and that n compromise had been reached.

Maj. Makdah, who heads the security apparatus known as Force 17 of the PLO's mainstream Fatch faction, on Thursday seized control of Fateh's command headquarters in a dayiong bloodless upheaval.

Maj. Makdah's 300 hardcore

guerrillas controlled all Fateh's centers in 'Ain Al Hilweh Friday. They patrolled the streets and alleyways as well as the camp's inlets and outlets. "What happened was merely a

change in our military positions," Mai. Makdah told a news conference at Fatch's command headquarters after the compromise

"It does not mean a mutiny or breakaway, I am the man responsible for the camp's security and have done what was done to consolidate the security of Fateh's posts," said Maj. Mak-

However, he stressed his opposition to the peace conference set for Wednesday in Madrid "because it is a conference of capitulation. I have a right to demonstrate my opposition."

Maj. Makdah, 35, also said he

was against the recent conference in Tehran by about 450 Palesti-nian and Muslim leaders workdwide, which also opposed the Madrid conference.

Maj. Makdah opposes the peace conference because the PLO is not represented in the talks with a separate delegation to defend its demands. He and his followers believe the PLO's interests would be lost as other Arab delegates concentrate on their respective interests.

Reporters who toured the sprawling camp found no signs of

tension among its estimated 50,000 inhabitants, including 33,000 U.N. registered refugees.

Maj. Makdah had carlier issued a communique calling on Arafat loyalists to fall in line or leave the camp, saying "we are all duty-bound to defend our cause, the cause of Palestine. We say 'no' to the peace conference."

But after the compromise with the PLO headquarters, Maj. Makdah allowed the PLO security chief. Major Kamal Medhat, who fled to the southern-most Lebanese port of Tyre Thursday, to return to 'Ain Al Hilweh.

"What happened was not a revolt. We still are brothers, Mai, Medhat told reporters upon his return. "Fatch remains unequivocally under Arafat's lead-

The sources have earlier predicted that Mr. Arafat would be able to resolve the revolt if he abolishes the salary cuts he had introduced for Fateh's guerrillas after the Gulf war.

"If Arafat loosens the purse, then there is a fat chance the revolt will be amicably settled and the PLO will be back in the

saddle," said one source. He said later that the Tunis. command had actually agreed to

abolish the salary cuts introduced last March after the Gulf war was Mr. Arafat's austerity mea-

sures followed the suspension of the PLO subsidies by the oilwealthy Gulf Arab states because Arafat sided with Iraq.

Maj. Makdah used the absence of Mr. Arafat's top lieutenants from the camp to stage his revolt. His men seized Fateh's command headquarters, which directs political and military activity of the organisation in South Lebanon. Most of the pro-Arafat officials

were in Tunis for consultations

about the peace conference. The majority of Maj. Makdah's followers belonged to the first wave of Palestinian emigration after the 1948 Arab-Israeli war, when Israel was created.

The pro-Arafat commanders in 'Am Al Hilweh all belonged to the second Palestinian diaspora triggered by 1967 war,

Israel names hardline delegation

Yosef Hadas, acting direct general of the foreign minist Shlomo Ben-Ami, amba

o Spain; Eytan Bentsur, depuis

ministry: Sallai Meridor, political adviser to Defence Minister Musha

Brigadier General Ekutiel Mor, head of analysis for the army's military intelligence divi-

Assad Assad, a member of Israel's Druze minority who is Shamir's adviser for Draze

Shortly before the Israeli team was announced a row erupted which could threaten the conference, due to be opened by the U.S. and Soviet presidents in Madrid Wednesday. Mr. Shamir's bureau chief Yos-

si Ahimeir said Israel would walk out if Palestinian delegate Saeb Erekat attended the talks. He said be hoped the United States would "handle" the problem before the conference con

Mr. Erekat told Cable News Network (CNN) television

Wednesday the Palestinian team represented the PLO. "We are the PLO delegation.

this delegation was chosen by the PLO," Mr. Erekat said. "Everybody heard Mr. Ere-

kat's declarations so it is selfevident about his activity of membership (in the PLO)," Mr. Ahimeir said Overall Palestinian delegation

head Faisal Husseini distanced himself from Mr. Erekat saying only be or delegation spoke woman Hanan Ashrawi could make official statements on behalf of the Palestinian team. But Mr. Husseini's statement did not placate the Israelis. "If we will see in front of our

eyes people connected, belonging to or representing the PLO; either they or us will leave," he said. "It (Mr. Erekat's statments) causes problems, it causes trouble and we hope the Americans will handle it.

Profiles of Israeli delegation.

FOLLOWING ARE profiles of Friday for the Middle East peace conference to begin next week in

Madrid, Spain.

— Yitzhak Shamir, 76, Israel's prime minister, will head the delegation. Born in Poland, be immigrated to British-mandate Palestine in 1935 and became a ler of Lehi, the most extreme Jewish underground fighting the British. After statebood, Mr. Shamir spent years with the Mossad intelligence service before his 1970 election to parliament. He inherited the prime ministry in 1983 from Menachem Begin, was deputy prime minister 1984-86 and resumed the premiership in

- Yosef "Yossi" Ben-Aharon, 59, is expected to head the bilateral talks with Syria. He is director-general of the prime ministry and Mr. Shamir's chief political adviser. Born in Jerusalem, Mr. Ben-Aharon spent most of his early years in Port Said, Egypt. He majored in Arabic and Middle East history at Hebrew University. He was deputy consul-general in New York in the late 1970s.

- Elyakim Rubinstein, 44, cabinet secretary closely associated with Mr. Shamir. He was expected to head negotiations with the jaint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation. Mr. Rubinstein is a former bûreau chief and legal advisor to the foreign ministry and was a member of the Israeli delegation to peace talks with Egypt.

director-general of the foreign ministry. He holds a Ph.D. in political science from the Sorbonne. A career diplomat, he has served in Senegal, Mali, Niger, Paris, Denmark and was the Israeli representative to the European Community. In the late 1970s and early 1980s, he was m charge of m piementing peace treaty with Egypt and in 1980, he opened the Israeli embassy in Ĉairo.

- Uzi Landau, 48, is a member of the Likud bloc in parliament. Born in Haifa, be is a. systems analyst with degrees from Haifa's Technion and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He formerly served as director-general of the transportation ministry. -Sallai Meridor, 36, is politic-

al adviser to Defence Minister Moshe Arens. He holds a B.A. in Israeli history from Hebrew University and was an emissary of the World Zionist Organisation in the United States. - Brigadier General Yekutiel

"Kuti" Mor, 45, head of analysis in military intelligence and an adviser to Mr. Arens. He was born in Tel Aviv and holds a B.A. in Middle Eastern studies compulsory army service, be joined the army's intelligence branch. He fought in the 1967 and 1973 Middle East wars and in Israel's 1982 invasion of Leba-

- Binyamin "Bibi" Netany-

- Yosef Hadas, 63, is acting; ahu, 41, is deputy foreign minis; ter. Boro in Israel, he carned bachelor's and master's degrees from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He worked in the Israeli embassy in Washington from 1982-84 and was ambassador to the United Nations from : 1984-88. He often served as a spokesman for Israel during the

Gulf war. -- Zalman Shoval, 61, is Israel's ambassador to the United States. He was born in Germany. and immigrated to British-man date Palestine in 1938. He holds a Ph.D. in international relations. and worked as a banker. He: served three terms in the parliament before being appointed ambassador in 1990.

The other members of the Israeli delegation are: - Shlomo Ben-Ami, ambassa-d dor to Spain

 Eytan Bentsur, deputy. director-general of the foreign ministry - Assad Assad, a member of

Israel's druze minority who is Mr. Shamir's adviser for Druze. affairs. Before the announcement, Israel radio reported that Mr. Shamir called Labour Party lead:

er Shimon Peres and asked him to name a member to join the negofrom Tel Aviv University. After tiations in an apparent effort to reach a broader consensus. Labor named Iragi-born. Binyamin Ben-Eliezer, but his

name was not on the list of delegates, presumably meaning he may be named to the advisory

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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JOEDAN TELEVISION

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19-00 News in French
10-15 Documentary
19-30 News in Hebrew
28:99 News in Arabic
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22-29 Feature film: "Uncle Buck"
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Dr. Mohammad Manas	. 74144
Dr. Yousef Sammour	61564
Dr. Khalid Mu'addi	. 74350
First pharmacy	. 66191
Ferdows pharmacy	. 77833
Al Asema pharmacy	63705
Nairoukh pharmacy	67767
Validatii himinaasi	6367
Al Salam pharmacy	6460
Yacouo postmacy	62766
Shucisani pharmacy	. 60100
IRBID:	
Dr. Mohammad Al Sharaa	(-

Dr. Yahya Ai Tarifi

EMERGENCIES

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Civil Defence Immediate		
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Italian, Al-Muhajreca	004104/ 777101/
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Army, Marka	891611/1 602240/5
Amal HospitalZAROA:	67415
Zurqa Govt. Hospital	(09)98332
Zaroa National Hospital Ibu Sina Hospital	(09)90056 (09)90056
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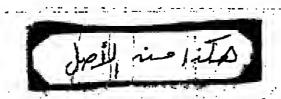
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	18:25 Przekfurt, Vicana (RJ)
	19:20 Tripoli [FLI]
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	12:20 Cairo (MS)
	19-46
	12:30
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ardia Man, with elegation dynamite in mouth, kills self

AMMAN (J.T.) — A 42-year old man from Maan committed I suicide Thursday by detonating explosives he had attached to

Nabil Mohammad Al Awadeh, a quarry owner, drove his pick-up to the Maan cemetery accompanied by his teenage son Ashraf. He then put a dynamite bar in his mouth and connected it to the car battery, a Maan resident told the Jordan Times.

The resident, who did not wish to be identified, said the man's upper half was "mutilated beyond recognition."

He said the son was not

Mr. Awadeh, originally from Nablus in the West Bank, had access to explosives to use in his quarry, the Maan resident said.

The resident, who has connections to the police department, said Mr. Awadeh had recently ran into financial problems, had divorced his second wife and had quarrels with his relatives.

The police department in Maan declined to give any information about the incident.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

King congratulates Austria

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Friday sent a cable to Austrian President Kurt Waldheim congratulating him on his country's national day. The King expressed his best wishes to the Austrian president on the occasion and wished the Austrian people further progress and prosperity.

Lawzi praises Jordanian position

Lion

AMMAN (Petra) -- Speaker of the Upper House of Parlia-ment Ahmad Al Lawzi Friday stressed Jordan's principled stand which calls for unifying Arab ranks and achieving solidarity. Addressing a large andience at the Arab Youth Forum, Mr. Lawzi called on the Arab Nation to rise above the rifts and differences and to learn from the mistakes of the past in order to achieve a better future for the genera-

Delegation leaves for AAU meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Presidents of Jordanian universities Thursday left for Doha to take part in the Association of Arab Universities (AAU) meetings due to be held in the Qatari capital today. Participants will discuss the association's budget, its annual report and will elect a new secretary general for a four-year term.

Madrid media delegation named

AMMAN (Petra) — Tareq Khouri of the Jordan News. Agency, Petra, was named to head the Jordanian official media delegation to Spain where they are expected to cover the peace conference which will convene there on Oct. 30. The delegation in-cludes Mureed Hammad and Kassab Samawi from Jordan Television, Omar Al Omari, from Petra, and Mohammad Al Sharif from Radio Jordan

New hotel opens in Aqaba

had issued an order to the con-AMMAN (Petra) - Maan cerned government departments Governor Qasem Al Farryyeh to embark on the counting of Thursday stood in for His animals in the rural, badia and Majesty King Hussein in openborder regions. The various ing the Aquamarina III Hotel in Aqaba. The hotel includes ministries are assisted in this process by the Department of Statis-54 rooms with 120 beds. tics, the badia and border police as well as governors of the va-

Symposium on food pricing concludes

AMMAN (Petra) — A six-day symposium on pricing and food subsidy policies concluded here Thorsday with a call for providing the right climate to cosure interaction between supply and demand. The syman also called for providing the infrastructure needed to promote marketing, such as road networks, storing areas, database and other baseline

ESCWA and specialised agencies celebrate United Nations Day



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan addresses conference at Royal Cultural Centre celebrating United Nations Day Thursday (Petro photo)

that threatens the human

while emphasising the role of the organisation of the United Nations, Crown Prince Hassan said the U.N. should reassess its role through emphasising coordination. The structural elements must be reformed to ensure symmetry,

The Crown Prince called upon the U.N. family to assist the region by enhancing interdisciplinarity and by reinforcing regional cooperation, adding that the United Nations presence can only be ensured by its members.

Dr. Tayseer Abdel Jaber, said in his statement that Western Asia region has not witnessed in recent history n more and indebtedness and said.
"hunger is a form of genocide difficult year than the one that has just passed. It was a truly bitter one, during which all the peoples of the region and in particular those of Kuwait and of Iraq, lived a total economic and social tragedy.

Dr. Abdel Jaber recalled

that thousands of citizens were displaced with immense suffering and Jordan, with its deep rooted traditions of generosity and hospitality, was able to facilitate and assist the flow of hundreds of thousands of evacuees. He expressed the hope that the multilateral and bilateral assistance will help alleviate Jordan's economic problems resulting from the

tragedy.

The executive secretary of ESCWA regretted that armed conflicts have destroyed the infrastructure and public services projects in more than one country of the region.

Dr. Abdel Jaber said that the occupation by Israel of Palestinian and other Arab territories for about a quarter of a century, the ordeals of Lebanon, the consequences of the Iraq/Iran War and the Gulf war have weakened the region's capacity to confront the basic issues of development in the right manner.

Welcoming the peace con-ference on the Middle East due to the held in Madrid, dr. Abdel Jaber expressed the hope that the conficts in the region find their way towards resolution in conformity with justice and international legitimacy. He concluded his statement by reading the message of the secretary-general of the United Nations, Javier Perez de Cuellar, on the occasion of the U.N. Day.

All in all, the opera, the cast

and their performance were

delighting and entertaining.

Minister: UNESCO offices to remain in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — The regional office of the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) will remain in Amman to continue to practice as a centre for cultural activities and communication for Arah countries, according to Minister of Education Eid Dahiyat.

Speaking upon returning to Amman from a UNESCO meeting in Paris, Dr. Dahiyat said he had held meetings with UNESCO officials over this matter and came to an agreement with them that the regional office in Amman will operate as a centre for training and research, specifically re-lated to women in the Arab re-

gion. Last July, UNESCO Director General Federico Mayor announced that the UNESCO offices in Amman would be moved to Beirut and would be operational in the Lebanese capital by April 1992. The deci-sion caused deep concern among dan's educational policies and



Eid Dahiyat

local Jordanian staff employed by the organisation in Amman. With reference to the UN-ESCO meeting, Dr. Dahiyat said that his delegation submitted to the meeting an outline of Jor-.

achievements. Dr. Dahiyat said that the Jordanian delegation provided UNESCO with complete files of educational cultural and scientific projects of concern to the Kingdom. Among these, he said, was the restoration of the Oasr Al Bint Castle at the ancient Nabatean City of Petra.

The minister said that Jordan has secured UNESCO's approval to finance the restoration project. He said that a UNESCO team will visit Jordan in the coming month to conduct technical studies prior to financing Jordan's national museum, a project undertaken hy the Jordanian gov-

The minister also noted that UNESCO will provide assistance to the Ministry of Education to help it overcome difficulties and shoulder the burden of educating thousands of expatriate children returning from Kuwait.

Dr. Dahiyat was accompanied to the meeting by a team of senior ministry officials.

Trial of Mohammad's Army adjourned until Monday; judge denies acquittal of 18 defendants based on technicality

AMMAN (J.T.) — The State General Intelligence Department Security Court has adjourned proceedings of the trial of the self-styled Mohammad's Army until Monday.

The postponement decision. was taken Wednesday after a session during which the court heard the testimony of a number of witnesses, including an intelligence officer. The court panel had earlier taken a decision declaring the interrogation carried out by a number of intelligence officers as legally valid.

In Wednesday's session, which lasted four hours, the court panel listened to an explanation by the advocate Monsa Al Aaraj on the defences raised in earlier sessions. In this regard, be noticed that defences focused on whether it was the prerogative of the

to arrest people at a time when Martial Law regulations were

The defence based its argument on the fact that the issue of the prerogative is a purely administrative one and that the General Intelligence Department was an administrative department. It went on hy saying that the Higher Court of Justice, in its capacity as the administrative party in charge of looking into administrative issues, had looked into this issue and settled it more than three years ago. The Higher Court of Justice decision, passed on Sept.

18, 1989 about the prerogative of

administrative bodies, ruled that

the General Intelligence Depart-

ment director was not authorised

nothing in its laws gives it the right to arrest people. In light of this, the defence called for the immediate release

to arrest any persons because

of all 18 defendants, Mr. Aaraj Replying to the defence, Indge Yousef Faouri, said the ruling of the Higher Court of Justice does not apply to this particular case because the director general of the General Intelligence Department did not issue a warrant for

the arrest of the defendants nor did any of the intelligence officers. He added that the warrant of arrest was issued by the military prosecutor general and, therefore, the court deemed the defence's request invalid.

REVIEW

Don Pasquale delights audience with humour

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Up-

ited Nations Economic and So-

cial Commission for Western

Asia (ESCWA), UNDP and

specialised agencies based in

Amman Thursday celebrated

During a ceremony under the patronage of the His Royal Highness Crown Prince Has-

san, at the Royal Cultural Cen-

tre, Dr. Tayseer Abdel Jaber

— under secretary-general and executive secretary of ESCWA — addressed ministers, repre-sentatives of the specialised agencies and their staff mem-

Crown Prince Hassan under-

ined the seriousness of the

situation in Jordan in the after-

math of the Gulf war and

reminded that his country wit-

nessed the arrival of "the

largest wave of migration" that

started with the Palestinian ex-

odus in 1948 and again in 1967

and ended with the hundreds

of thousands of returnees from

He made reference to an

ESCWA report on migration.

and reiterated his country's

need for external aid to help

He reaffirmed that the \$4.5

billion Jordan needs in this

context would barely help safe-

guarding the current standard

Underlining the three major

issues that have to be dealt

with in the regional and in the

international levels in order to

enhance the development and

security in the Middle East,

and debt relief, Prince Hassan

called for additional efforts to

tackle the problems of hunger

amely arms control energy.

absorb the "waves of exodus.

the Gulf countries.

United Nations Day.

AMMAN - Opera.Don Pasquale performed Wednesday night at the Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental captured the

delight of the audience. Presented for the first time in Jordan, this comedy opera tells the story of air old man. who disinherits his nephew for disobeying him and not marrying someone chosen for him. Instead, he weds a young bride who, ironically, turns out to be ic lichicw's poor sweethcart.

The story takes on a humorous twist as the nephew, Ernesto played by Harry Nicoll, the uncle's spicy doctor, Dr. Malatesata played by Christopher Blades, and the strong willed witty young bride (and Ernesto's sweetheart)

Officials

counting

country's

livestock

AMMAN (J.T.) — The counting of sheep and goats has started

throughout the country and offi-

cials from the Ministry of Interior

along with teams from the

Health, Industry, Trade and

Supply, Education and Agricul-

ture ministries are supervising the

Ministry of Interior sources

said that the census was needed

to gather complete information

about the livestock wealth in Jor-

dan so that farmers can receive

Prime Minister Taher Masri

Amman Governor Isaa Al

Omari announced that the count-

ing of sheep within the Amman

Governorate has been completed

and that a total of 713,339 heads

of sheep, cattle and goats were

found in the region. The gov-

ernor of Maan reported that his

governorate was found to have

577,506 heads of cattle, sheep,

The process was still continuing

Friday, and according to Interior

Ministry sources, it will be several days before the final counts can be known and published.

goats, camels and horses.

fodder during droughts.

rious provinces.

Norina, played by Carol Meyer, gang up against the elderly uncle and fake his marriage in order to dissuade the uncle from committing such a grave mistake of disinheriting

Burdened with bills from his new bride's and wasteful spending, the ignorant Don Pasquale seeks the advice of the good doctor. The doctor. in collusion with Norina, persuades ber to divorce Don Pasquale, claiming the (Don Pasquale) has another bride. The the unveiling of the cast's true identities and the realisation of

his nephew.

Don Pasquale's error. The opera, the cast, the set and the music were very heart warming. The voices and performances of the four main stars, especially the coy, prudish act of the good doctor, is entrancing and adds spice to the story line. Don Pasquale's character,

played by Attila Manizade, takes the audience through a roler coaster of emotions, at the start of the opera, a pom-pons Don Pasquale throws his nephew out in the cold with no second thoughts; but throughout the opers and up until the true identities of the cast are revealed, the emotional setback suffered by Don Pasquale at the hands of his bride (espeher) makes the audience feel sorry for him.

The witty and strong character of Norina, and the act she puts on at the start of the opera, in collaboration with the good doctor, is a magical combination that gives this

Ministry denies report that commercial quantities of oil had been found

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources has denied a report published by Akhbar Al Usbu Thursday which said that oil has been found in commercial quantities in Jordan.

The current oil production at the Hamzeh Fields near the Iraqi border stands at 200 barrels a day as was reported by Natural Re-sources Authority (NRA) Direcministry statement. It said the weekly magazine's report about commercial amounts of oil found

in Jordan was groundless. The report said that oil had been found in commercial quantities at a number of sites being

caplored by the NRA teams.
The ministry statement described the magazine's report that oil was found at the Dead Sea area as purely imaginative.

The statement expressed regret that such incorrect information was being published in the press and said that such false reports can only confuse citizens and harm the image of the NRA teams, tor General Kamal Ircisat, said a which are now conducting oil and gas exploration in Jordan.

The statement said that the NRA teams were pursuing their efforts as best they could and the natural gas found in the Risheh area was being utilised to gener ate electric power.



WHAT'S GOING ON

Art exhibition by Abdul Rauf Shamoun, Khalid Khreis and Mohammad Hussela Abdullah at Abdul Hameed Shoman dation Gallery (Open 10 a.m. till 5 p.m.) Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Siza Ata at the Royal Cultural

* Exhibition entitled "Shelkh Ibrahim — John Exhibition entitled "Shelkh Ibrahim — Johann Ladwing Burchhart (1784-1917)" at the reception half of the Royal

☆ Art exhibition by Jordanian artists Ghassan Abu Labau, Hadii Bassam, Abir Abu Judeh and Sanaa Hindi at the Royal

Caltural Centre. ☆ Exhibition of water colour paintings by Australian artist Jennifer Bowker at Alia Art Gallery

* Exhibition entitled "The Blue Rider", organised by the Goethe Institute in cooperation with the University of Jordan,

× A special season of antique lithographs, evgravings, folio-litustrations and maps, 18th & 19th century prints of Palestine, Jordan — the Mideast as well as orientalist scenes at the Gallery, Hotel Jordan Inter.Continental.

X Lecutre entitled "Behavioural Factors in Architecture and Urban Design: Environmental Psychology and the Applied Design Disciplines" by Dr. Mohammad S. Al Massel at the Goethe Institute — 7:30 p.m.

ONTO. SAME DA

Now, Royal Jordanian flies direct from Amman to Toronto.

On November 7th, Royal Jordanian adds another Maple leaf to its existing Canadian operation - Montreal.

Fly every Thursday on our luxurious TriStar from Amman to Toronto, arriving the same evening to pursue your planned

Royal Jordanian, one of the most dynamic airlines is always adding new destinations to its network for your comfort and convenience.





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No peace with hunger

THE FINDING, on the eve of the holding of the Madrid peace conference, by independent groups that infant and child mortality rate in Iraq has quadrupled since the end of the Gulf crisis because of food and medicine shortage is appalling and sad. The Iraqi people are increasingly becoming victims of a merciless power struggle between their regime and a heartless new world order. That innocent people have fallen victim to a series of resolutions adopted by the larger international community is tragic in every

The Iraqis are incapable, as the West well knows, of toppling their regime. The prospects of them doing so is very grim indeed. Meanwhile, the regime, itself submerged in its own rhetoric, has failed to, or has no intention of, rehabilitating itself into either its Arab environ or the community of nations at large. It is most unfortunate therefore that the Iraqi people, for long an oppressed lot, should be the victims of an endless and cruel light between the president of Iraq and the president of the U.S. The U.S. Secretary of Defence Dick Cheney was quoted recently as predicting the Iraqi president's "days were numbered." Only two weeks ago the Iraqi president himself swore that Iraq would not give in to Western pressure and that his country could live with the economic sanctions for 20 years if need be. What is strikingly clear is that the people of Iraq will bear the brunt of this merciless war between the U.S. on the one side and the Iraqi leadership on the other. While it seems not possible to convince the Iraqi president to retire and spare his people more misery and agony, if looks equally unlikely to imagine that the Iraqi people under pressure to manage their basic life would revolt and bring change to their devastated country.

It has been proven on other occasions that sanctions only strengthen the grip of regimes on the people. If anything, the Iraqi people need to live decently before attempting to make political change. The Iraqi regime, composed of army generals and Baath party officials has since the Gulf war ended consolidated its hold to power and is increasingly showing signs of confidence. Meanwhile, the Iraqi people should not be made to endure the brunt of the sanctions. These sanctions were originally mandated to force Iraq to abandon Kuwait; they were not given sufficient time to work and, therefore, they could not achieve that objective. The objective was later changed. The blockade would remain on until the leadership was toppled. The sanctions are already more than one year old. Their effect on the regime are minimal. The Iraqi people as such had very little to do with the Kuwait invasion or the standoff that ensued. In particular, the children of Iraq are the ultimate victims. This shameless state of affairs should not continue. Little children should not be made the victims of governments whether they are democrats or dictators.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

FURTHER to its intentions to sabotage the peace conference, Israel has carried out a provocative action by moving the headquarters of the border guards to East Jerusalem, Al Ra'i daily said in commenting on the obstacles in the path of the peace process. The paper also referred to a statement by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir in Strasbourg in which he said that there was no occupied Arab territory which can be exchanged for peace with the Arabs. All these provocative actions, while the time for the peace conference draws near, indicate clearly that the Jewish state is determined to keep Arab land and turn down any attempt to implement U.N. Security Council resolutions. It said that these actions are coupled with an escalation of terrorist practices against the Palestinians and by statements by extremists attacking the idea of the conference and the bid to achieve peace with the Palestinians and the Arabs because this would mean n withdrawal from occupied land. It is good that the Arah parties are well aware of Israel's real intentions, but such awareness is not enough to force the Israelis to succumb to the will of the world community, said the paper. The paper demanded that the superpowers exert further serious efforts to force Israel to give up its terrorist policies which aim at sabotaging the conference. The paper said that the world community is now well aware of Israel's manoeuvres and can by no means allow Israel to undermine the opportunity for peace.

A columnist in Al Ra'l daily welcomed the declared intention of a majority of expatriates to invest in productive projects in Jordan and said that thousands of those who came back to the homeland have vast experience and substantial capital, vital for any venture. Nazih said that these expatriates are determined to invest in projects not only to benefit themselves but also to serve their country which is offering them the chance to operate and prosper. The writer commended the government's trend to offer facilities for such projects but noted that any venture requires preparations and good planning. He said that the expatriates are in need of further facilities from the government before they can embark with greater confidence on projects useful for Jordan and they are also in need of advice which the concerned ministries can offer through their specialised units. The writer said that all concerned government departments are called upon to expand the margin of facilities so far offered to investors and noted the exceptional circumstances facing Jordan at the moment require exceptional decisions and more courageous steps leading towards prosperity.

Tough choices are shaping up for Israel

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON - No one who knows the Middle East will celebrate yet. The substance of a successful negotiation, the give-and-take needed to make it work, is still hard to envisage. But there are going to be negotiations, starting next week in Madrid, and that is remarkable enough.

For the first time in its 43 years as a state, Israel will meet face-toface with each of its Arab neighbours — and with representative Palestinians. All the issues between them will be on the table: peace, security, land, people.

It is going to happen now be-cause of President George-Bush and Secretary of State James Baker. Secretary of State Baker spent much of the last five months

wheedling and poshing the intractable parties. Bu this success was possible only because the president had the vision and courage to commit himself to this confer-

President Busb seized the moment, after the Gulf war, for a new effort at Arab-Israeli peace. He understood that some fundamental power relationships had changed. Those changes offer hope for an onset of reason in the Middle East.

The end of the cold war has had an immediate impact on the region. Soviet military support for Syria has ehbed, making President Hafez Al Assaad look to improved relations with the United States. Israeli and U.S. fear of communist influence has abated, making possible a joint

Soviet-American invitation to Madrid.

The decline in Soviet power is also having a profound impact on U.S.-Israeli relations. It has weakened, or removed, one basis for the close ties of recent decades and for huge levels of U.S. aid: the idea that Israel was a strategic asset for America in a vital part of the world.

The Gulf war showed that U.S. armed forces could act in the Middle East without Israel. In that war, Israel was a complication rather than an asset in U.S. military calculations.

Americans are still committed to help Israel, for reasons of history and conscience. But it is clear that a more detached relationship is developing, one in which America will more freely weigh its own values and in-

The Economist wrote last month: "Americans still express their moral commitment to Israel's survival; but Israel's moral case grows steadily weaker as it refuses to extend to the Palestimans the right of self-determination that has become a corner-

Israelis are increasingly aware

that they cannot expect unconditional support from the United States, that they can maintain the vital American connection only by paying attention to U.S. interests. Mr. Bush made that bluntly clear when he postponed consideration of loan guarantees; too bluntly, most Israelis thought, ger point.

In this new relationship, the territories occupied by Israel since 1967 are the crunch, U.S. policy is to end Israeli control of the West Bank and Gaza Strip and their more than 1.5 million inhabitants. Prime Minister Yitstone of the emerging world zhak Shamir and much of his order. A peace which left Israel government are committed to ruling over millions of voteless creating annexation of the terri-Palestinians has become unthink-

> A choice is thus shaping up for Israel: Keep the occupied terri-tories or keep U.S. support.

Economic realities are also pushing Israel to make a choice about the occupied territories. Bernard Avishai explores the reasons for this in the forthcoming issue of the Harvard Business Review. The \$10 billion sought

The week in print

although they understood the lar- from the United States in loan guarantees is to build bousing for-Soviet immigrants to Israel, But it those immigrants are to have jobs, Mr. Avishai says, Israel will need two or three times that much in investment capital from

> But there will be no large scale over the issue of the occupied territories. "Israel can have the Whole Land of Israel," he concludes, "or it can have a piece of



U.S. media play down conference

By Allison Kaplan The Jerusalem Post.

WASHINGTON - Far from creating fireworks, the announcement of the Middle East peace conference hit bere with a dull

Though the painstaking prog-ress toward Madrid has been dutifully reported in the media, the peace process is hardly the talk of the town — or the

Foreign news, other than war, traditionally fails to grip the imagination of the average American, and even more so when the country is consumed with domestic concerns. In the past week, Middle East developments have aftermath of the messy and more mas's nomination to the Supreme will keep them there. Court.

Even foreign policy specialists. are following the process closely conference without much excitetheir predictions are somher, the U.S." often downright pessimistic, with most anticipating an impasse over ceremonial opening, the process the principle of land for peace' will be marked by 'panses and

possible to overcome, Commentators are stressing

that, while President Bush and Secretary of State James Baker may have gotten the parties to the negotiating table, they have no idea what they are going to do once they are there. Even optimists say that Mr. Bush's stated goal of "real peace" is a remote possibility at best.

"I wouldn't bet my ranch" on the chances of a diplomatic triumph, said ABC News White House correspondent Brit Hume. a tennis partner of Mr. Bush's. told his viewers yesterday. Any bope that the ceremonial

opening will be followed by conclearly been overshadowed by the crete progress is based on the prospect that the same forces that soap opera surrounding brought the parties to the table the battle over Clarence Tho- a desire not to anger the U.S. -

Arabs and Israelis are "not Mideast experts and those who saying yes to each other yet," said are following the process closely William Quandt, a senior fellowgreeted the announcement of the at the Brookings Institute and a former top State Department ment. Looking toward Madrid, official. "They're saying yes to

He predicted that, after the

recesses and stalemates and lots security structure to protect the of acrimony," and it will break down when the parties move to bilateral negotiations.

"Leaving the parties more or less on their own is a guarantee that they're going to confront each other with the starkness of their real positions, and it will be

Another former State Department official, Richard Murphy appearing with Mr. Quandt on the MacNeil/Lehrer: News Hour, agreed that by the bilaterals will hkely break down. "Within a matter of days," he said, the Arabs and Israelis will realise "that mediation by the U.S., perhaps also by the Soviet Union, will be essential, and they can't make it on their own."

entire Madrid effort is based not on the genuine desire of the parties in the region, hut on Mr. Bush's desire to create a grand photo opportunity on the eve of his 1992 re-election campaign.

Though he can still claim the Gulf war was a victory, Mr. Bush can point to few tangible results. Saddam Hussein is still in power. the restored Kuwaiti monarchy is far from democracy, and American efforts to create a post-war

oil-rich region seem to be coming apart. There were reports yesterday that the U.S. is being forced to hring home equipment it had wanted to pre-position in Saudi Arabia, because of Saudi objections to a continuing American

Since the conference is meant to be Mr. Bush's Middle East triumph, administration officials are reminding the press that the fact the parties are talking is an accomplishment, even if it does not result in a tangible progress.

With so little of the optimism

that surrounded the Camp David process, there seems to be no reason to hope for similar achievements in Madrid.

the peace conference has been a sterile exercise in closed-door deal-making involving no more than a few dozen people at most in any country," Thomas Fried-man, the New York Times State Department correspondent wrote. 'No Arah or Israeli leader has prepared his people for a historic transformation in relations. But without such a change in attitudes, no real peace will be possible."

ing. The paper expressed hope that the foreign ministers will now move on to more constructive steps leading towards the final Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories so that peace and stability can be established in the region.

ies, including Jerusalem.

Discussing the prospects of success and failure of the Maidrid conference, Salameh Ekour, who writes for Sawt Al Shaab, said that since the peace conference is regarded as a battle, the Jordanian people should be ready for it. The peace conference is not only for the government to handle but for all the political, technical, scientific and other forces to join; it will be a battle which will decide the future of the region, Ekonr said. He said that those opposing the peace conference are also needed since this is a national battle. requiring expertise from any source. The writer said that the Arab side should leave noroom for the Israelis to win the upper hand in the coming

Dwelling on the same theme, Fakhri Kawar, who writes for Al Ra'i daily, said that Jordan Television and other official information media have been reflecting only the views of the government and repeating the views of only those citizens support-

the world. And israel will have to change its profective economic policies and become part of the global market, using its special scientific and intellectual talents. foreign investment, Mr. Avishai writes, and no long-term contracts with Israeli companies while the world sees insecurity

the global economy," - The

Palestinians suggest measures

(Continued from page 1)

meetings will indeed be held and "we will not waste any time in Ameran." Dr. Abdul Shafi, 72, told journalists the Palestinian delegation that he heads will demand the right to self-

"We are going to demand our rights to national independence and the right of refugees to return within the resolutions of the Security Council, and we go to the conference with all sincerity and dedication," Dr. Abdul Shafi said.

Dr. Ashrawi, who will most likely act as the spokesperson for the Palestinian delegation at the Madrid conference, vowed that the Palestinian team would do its utmost to ensure that the rights of the Palesti-"We are extremely serious and

extremely dedicated and we are going to do our best to make sure that this is an even-handed process that is going to hring about a just peace," Dr.

She said that they would press for achieving Palestinian national rights and to ensure that peace be based on "symmetry and equity for all perties." The U.S. supports Palestinian "egitimate political" rights but has "egitimate political" rights but has not yet undorsed Palestinian "national" rights since that might imply support for an independent Palestinian state, which Washington

opposes.

She described the Palestinian attendance at the peace conference as very significant and important, but added that "pain" accompanied the Palestinians as they head for the

"As we left there were many people in tears; we were in tears," Dr. Ashrawi said.

News agencies reported that a cheering and ululating crowd had sung the Palestinian national anthem as the tearful Palestinian team flashed V-for-victory signs and elenched their fists and left Jurusalch in a bus

towards the King Hussein bridge.
"It's not the fact that the Palestinians are recognised now as speaking for themselves as a national people with rights, but it is also the fact that we enter this process with hand-icaps," Dr. Ashrawi told reporters in Amman. "We enter the (peace) pro-cess while our people are being held as hostages under occupation."
"We are being forced to negotiate

with our occupiers and we have a whole population that is being sub-jected to the most brutal treatment,"

She added that the conference has adopted in many ways Israel's pre-conditions, which she described as

being "very painful to us."

"We also cannot accept the exclusion of our legitimate leadership (PLO) from the negotiations, but we accepted all these unjust and painful constraints because we feel that we have to give this peace conference all the support it takes to get it moving and we have to get Israel to th negotiating table to see who is putting all the obstacles for peace in the region," she said, still smiling after hours of travelling.

She rejected suggestions that the issue of Jewish settlements in the occupied territories be negotiated at the conference, saying that the settle-ments were a violation of the Geneva conventions and that Israel had to first adhere to the agreements of the Geneva conventions before negotia-

"According to this convention, we cannot negotiate anything with the occupier while it is still occupying land and violating our rights. All violations will have to cease in order to start real negotiations," Dr. Ashrawi stressed. She added that besides the continued building of settlement the Jewish state still expels Palesti-nians and continues to hold 19,000 political prisoners and detainees.

that the Palestinian team had "a long list of confidence-building measure before it could start negotiations with

"We have a list of 25 confidence-building items, and we do not consid-er the cessation of settlements as a Ashrawi said. "The settlements have to be stopped immediately in order to legalise the Israeli position in the conference."

She added that another demand political prisoners and detainces, the products prisoners and detametes, the reopening of all their closed institu-tions, the lifting of censorship and legalising all political parties.

Dr. Ashrawi also said that the

46-month-old intifada would intensify as their negotiating team attends the described the uprising as the "strength and legitimacy (behind) the Palestinian delegation."

There is a tremendous spirit of determination among the Palesti-nians, and I think it will intensify; h will be more developed and co Dr. Ashrawi described the agree-

neuts reached between the five Arab foreign ministers in Damascus as "extremely encouraging and heartening to the Palestinians under occupain the meeting, Jordan, Syria,

Lebanon, Egypt and the PLO agreed that no single treaties or agreements between any single Arab side and Israel would take place at the confer-

"We still think that the multi-lateral talks should not proceed unless the cause of the conflict is re-moved, which is the Israeli occupation of Arab lands," Dr. Ashrawi Following are the 14 Palestinians in

the "guidance committee" Paisal Husseini, 50, head of the

Radwan Abu Ayyash, 41, a native of the Askar refugee camp near the West Bank city of Nablus and former head of the Arab Jouranlists Associa-

tion in the occupied territories.

Abdull Hadi Abu Khussa, 48, from the Shatti refugee camp in the Gaza Salch Abu Laban, 41, a resident of the Dehaishe refugee camp in the West Bank.

Ziad Abu Ziad, 51, a lawyer and native of the village of izzariya in the occupied West Bank.

Almad Yaziji, 45, n surgeon born in Gaza City in what is now the

occupied Gaza Strip, and a former director of the city's Shifa hospital. Hanan Ashrawi, 45, a native of Jerusalem and resident of Ramilah.
Radi Al Jarai, 40, a native of the

West Bank village of Talkuza, he is a reporter for Al Fajr.

Zuhaira Kamal, 46, was born in Jerusalem and remains a resident of the city. She founded and heads the Palestinian Federation of Women's Action committees in the occupied Rashid Khalidi, 40, who lives in the

United States. He taught at the American University of Beirut before the Lebanon civil war. In the early 1980's he joined the political science faculty at Columbia University in New York City. He now teaches at Chicago State University in Illinois. Kameel Mansour, 50, a Palestinian author living in Paris. He was a

researcher at the Foundation of Palestinian Studies in Beirut. Sari Nusseibeh, 42, is a professor of philosophy at Bir Zeit University. Ans Al Oassem, 60, a Palestinian lawyer now living in London. He worked in Kuwait for more than a

Jamil Tarifi, 44, a native of Ramallah. Disclosure of a private meeting he held in the summer of 1989 with Israeli Prime Minister Yizzhak Shamir caused in a stir in Jewish and Palestinian circles.

Sound preparations for Madrid conference

JORDANIAN newspapers directed their attention in the past week to the peace conference due to open in Madrid at the end of the mouth and discussed preparations, like the Damascus meeting, as well as a number of domestic issues.

All three dailies Friday ex-pressed satisfaction with the ontcome of the Damascus meeting attended by the foreign ministers of Jordan, Syria; Lebanon, Egypt and the PLO. It is most satisfying to hear the foreign ministers reaching us on a unified Arab stand at the conference and to

hear that the ministers would be holding periodic meetings to reassess the peace process, said Al Ra'i daily. Such agreement will no doubt give the Arab side to the peace process further backing and impetus for their work at the negotiat-ing table, the paper said. The Damascus declaration was a victory for the pan-Arab nationalists, paving the ground for a more fruitful cooperation

in all matters of concern to the

Arab Nation, said the paper. Al Dustour described the outcome of the Damascus paras fulfilling the as Dirations of the Arab masses who hope that the Arabs will stand firm together at the Madrid meet-

Sawt Al Shaab daily expressed satisfaction with the Arab foreign ministers' reaffirmation in their final statement of the need for the conference to achieve an Israeli withdrawal. from all the occupied territor-

The Israeli negotiating team is being led by Yitzhak Shamir, and extremists, and it is only natural for the Arabs to adopt a firm stand in the face of the coming challenge, the paper said. Unity, the paper added, is a must if the Arabs are to achieve success and ensure the restoration of Arab lands and Arab rights.

negotiations.

ing the peace conference. The writer criticised the official information media for not opening the way for those who reject the conference. The writer said that Jordan Television would have won real credibility had it given the chance to the rejectionists to voice their views as this, he said, would be real practice of democracy. His views were backed by Fahd Al Fanek, a columnist

campaign launched by the official media did not include any voices opposing the confer-The campaign was not well planned and the interviews were done with only those persons who represent very limited number of Jordanians

and not with the heads of

who writes for Al Ra'i. The

writer said that the week-long

political groups, the writer He said that the campaign was counter-productive and was conducted in a way that would left understand that there was serious opposition to Jordan in going to the confer-

Columnist Taher Al Udwan, who writes in Al Dustour, discussed the Tehran Conference, called to voice opposition to the peace conference. Iran, which is strongly opposed to the peace conference, and claims to be supporting the Palestinians, should release the Iraqi military and commercial planes and open its borders with Iraq to break the embargo imposed on the Iraqi people as a sign of goodwill said the

He said that Iran should back the Iraqis who have been trying to liberate Palestine and should not have sided with the Americans who launched a devastating war and aggression

against the Iraqi people. His views were backed by Mahmoud Al Rimawi, a columuist in Al Ra'i daily, who said that mere slogans issued by Tehran can by no means end Israel's occupation of Palestinian land. The Palestinian people under occupation are awaiting real help coming from Arab and Islamic countries which can speed up their liberation from oppression, the writer said.

Some columnists turned their attention to domestic issues, with Salah Abdul Samad in Al Ra'i, dwelling in particular on the government's declared intention of increasing the salaries of government

comployees and civil servants.

The writer said that many of these employees are indeed afraid that the raise would bring about a new wave of soaring prices that would not match the increase in salaries. The writer suggested that

the government take the views of the economists and offer the public full information about this matter and also take strict measures against profiteers.
Columnist Mohammad

Kawash, in Al Dustour, called on the government to offer the civil servants substantial salary increases to make up for the soaring prices. He said that employees' salaries in the private sector were far higher than those of employees working for the government.



Europe can play a major role in settling the Palestinian problem — PLO official

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Negotiations with Israel at the U.S.-Soviet sponsored Middle East peace conference is a form of continued Palestinian struggle, and the intifada and armed struggle against Israeli military targets should be intensified while the conference convenes, said a senior advisor to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat.

Nabil Shaath, who is a memer of the PLO mainstream Fatch's Revolutionary Command Council, told a large crowd at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation last Wednesday night that Palestinians must now struggle "inside and outside the peace conference"

Whoever wants to win any cards at the negotiating table must also escalate the intifada in the occupied territories and escalate the armed struggle against Israeli military

"It is not true that the diplomatic struggle (at the conference) means giving up the political struggle because one cannot achieve much only through diplomancy," insisted Dr. Shaath, who is also heading the expert team for the Palestinian side of the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the Madrid peace con-

Trying to convince the andience on why the Palestinians had to participate in the negotiations with Israel, Dr. Shaath said that the Palestinians had nothing to lose if they tried to diplomatically negotiate their way through a just solution to the Palestinian problem.

America that without justice for the Palestinian people, there will be no stability, no peace and no security for anyone in the region," he added.

Dr. Shaath referred to U.S. President Genrge Bush's speech to Congress on March 6, and quoted him as saying that the Middle East needed stability and peace through secure borders for the Israeli state and justice for the Palesti-

"What he meant," Dr. Shaath said referring to Mr. Palestinians have proven that they are capable of destroying stability when they have no justice."

He warned, however, that there were no guarantees, andno one to give them the guarantees, that the conference would achieve anything for the Palestinians. He asked if there were guarantees that Palestine would be liberated when the Palestinians took up the armed struggle or when the

-: E II

intifada started. "Who is to guarantee? There is no guarantee. But we must struggle politically inside the conference, with the intifada and with the armed struggle through every phase we pass," Dr. Sheath stressed. He added that if the Palestinian leadachieving anything from the conference, or if asked to make concessions they reject, we leave the conference and continue the struggle other-

The Palestinian official said that the Palestinians should take advantage of current circumstances in the world, saying that they were now entering a new era.

But this conference is not for free. There is a strategic opportunity, a strategic gap that we should breathe through to achieve something, in additin to continued struggle on all fronts," he said.

Dr. Shaath explained to the audience that the PLO had tried to achieve "victories" before the convening of the Madrid conference next Wednesday, but failed.

He said that the organisation had tried to take advantage of the new circumstances in the past weeks and received an independent invitation to the conference, to give the chance to the Palestinian leadership to personally name its delegation and impose its own conditions before the start of the negotia-"but the door was

Some Palestinians have been critical of the PLO, for making concessions to Israeli conditions, mainly because only Palestinians from the occupied West. Bank and Gaza Strip make up the Palestinian delegation, without representation from Jerusalem. The PLO also gave in trying to put a stop to continued Israeli settlements in the occupied territories before the negotiations started. Dr. Shaath added that it was clear to everyone that the Palestinian delegates were appointed by the PLO and that it would continue to take instructions from the organisa-

"But we did not make one single important concession before the negotiations," Dr. Shaath stated. "We did not compromise on the right of the Palestinian people for self-determination on their soil or the independent Palestinian state, in confederation with Jordan, with Jerusalem as its capital."

said, had stated that Jerusalem was considered part of Security Council Resolution 242, that

The Palestinian official went on to say that Israel was no longer needed as a strategic ally to the U.S. after the Gulf war, and that peace and stability were necessary for the U.S.

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nished.

"The era of no-war, nopeace in the region has ended with a war and now the Americans want peace," Dr. Shaath said, adding that this was not in Israel's interest.

He predicted that the Israel lobby in Washington would crumble, and described the group as a "strategic lobby that s an American trick created by American administrations to use as an excuse to its Arab allies that it could not compromise on Palestine.

Dr. Shaath warned, however, that the U.S. was not an ally that could be trusted and its "enemies of today will not become her friends tomorrow." He also warned that Israel could propose a new role for itself that could be in the U.S. interest in the region.

Dr. Shaath also stressed that the American powerful role in the world after the Gulf war and after the end of the cold war with the Soviet Union was only temporary, that it would "last five to ten years." He attributed his argument to the a large financial deficit in its

budget.
"The Americans could not even afford to finance its war in the Gulf," Dr. Shaath commented. He also noted that Europe had pravided the world with \$29 billion in aid in 1990, as compared to \$7 billion from the U.S.

Europe's role

Dr. Shaath's lecture, in fact, focused on Europe's role concerning the Palestinian questinn. He stressed that for Europe to achieve its interests in the region, it felt it had to get closer to the Palestinian question and did so by mainly standing by the rights of the

He said that the European Community's (EC) aid to Palestinians in the Israeli occupied territories in 1991 alone far exceeded that which was provided by all the Arab countries together.

"The Europeans gave \$350 million in Palestinian aid in 1991 alone, and that was only

the amount that was actually received by the Palestinians and not just what was allocated by the EC," Dr. Shaath said, adding that Israel had placed nbstaeles in front nf the Palestinians in getting the full

aid allocated by the EC. He added that \$130 million of that amount, 70 per cent nf which was given by Germany and Britain alone, was allocated as direct aid to Palestinians. The aid usually goes to UNRWA or to Palestinian institutions that support local projects. Dr. Shaath said that the aid was contributed by both governments and the public. "In Italy alone, 2,000 families send monthly aid in the form of adopting Palestinian

EC's financial role included the support of free trade, of direct Palestinian exports to the EC countries and placed trade restrictions against Israel until they forced the Jewish state to permit direct Palestinian export of citrus fruit to the EC countries without passing through the Israeli authorities

also froze a scientific agreement with Israel to pressure it

"Despite all the American ceeded in achieving its aims," Dr. Shaath stressed.

was important for the Palestinians in the near future because "it will head the implementation of the Fourth Geneva Conventions" in the occupied territories. He referred to a conference due to be held in Budapest next month dealing with this issue and which will be beaded by the EC.

"And if we can protect our people during the peace conference through Europe's forcing Israel to implement the Geneva Convention agreements — it means stopping deportations, the demolishing of homes, arbitrary measures and the building of Jewish settlements — then we have achieved a lot as we negotiate in this conference," be added.

Dr. Shaath described the Middle East as the "southern flank" of Europe and said its stability depended on stability in the Middle East. "Many would say that

Europe does what the U.S.

asks it to do. This may be true, but Europe always played a positive and practical - not just theoretical - role concerning the Palestinian question in order to achieve a distinguished role in the Middle East and North Africa," Dr.

in "the independent Palestimian state in confederation with Jurdan a Singapore of the that Europe saw in the Palesti-300,000 university graduates who "have great abilities in engineering, electronics and

to achieve their rights. targets," Dr. Shaath repeatedly said at the lecture.

"We will always prove to

"We did not give up on our right to achieve complete land it occupied in 1967, and we did not give up our right for Israel to stop the Jewish settlements immediately," Dr. Shaath went on. "But we could not achieve these goals before the negotiations, and if we did, they would have been vio-

He described as an achievement, however, the American letter of assurances which, he is, part of the Israeli occupied territory after 1967.

children," he said Dr. Shaath also said that the

into reopening the Arab universities which were closed by the Israeli authorities during the intifada, but that these efforts were delayed by the Gulf crisis.

pressure, Europe was the only party that directly placed restrictions against Israel and suc-He recalled a discussion be personally had with U.N.

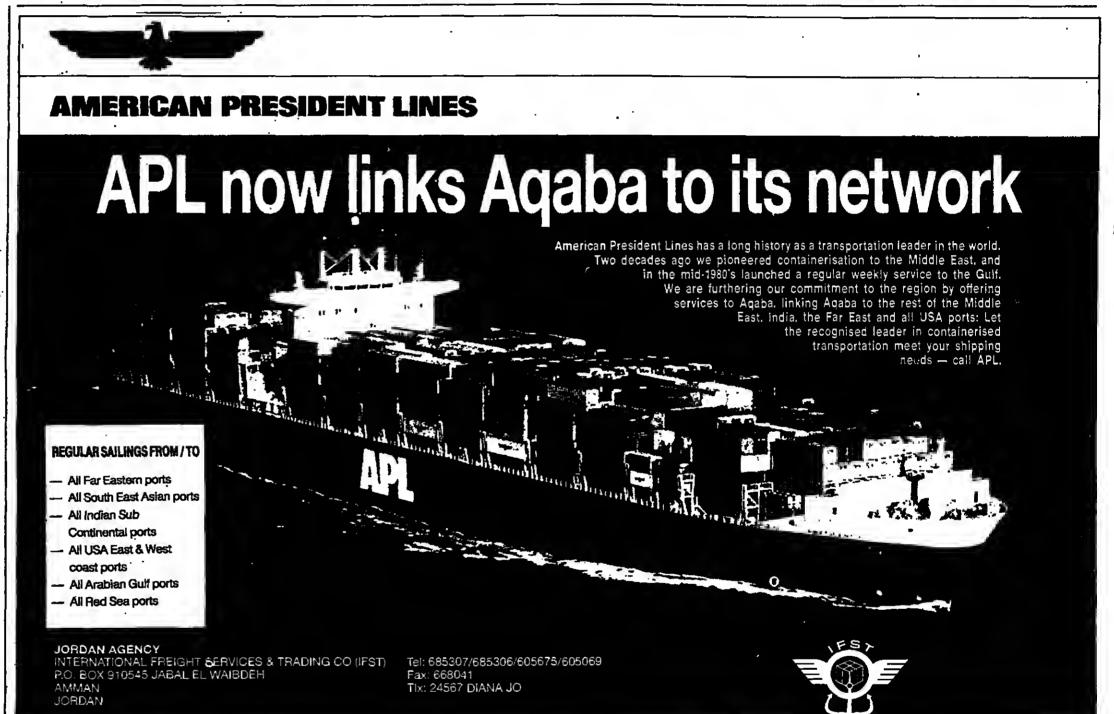
Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar three months ago, during which Dr. Shaath asked him why the Fourth Geneva convention was not implemented in the occupied territories to protect the Palestinians there. Dr. Shaath quoted Mr. de Cuellar as saying: "I wrote to all the countries that signed the Geneva Convention agreements and only 32 of the 165 signatory countries responded. Nnt one single Arab, Asian or African country responded." Dr. Shaath said that all the EC countries and other

only ones to respond to a call for protection of Palestinians under Israeli occupation. Dr. Shaath said that Europe

> Shaath said. He added that Europe saw Middle East." The official said nian and Inrdanian people

> computers."
> "They see an opportunity of development here and see themselves as political and economic allies," Dr. Shaath said. He added that in the last nine months he talked to every European foreign minister. They don't see beggars in us, but see an ability and future capability," he insisted, adding that the "temporary American hegemony" would end with a pluralistic world, with Europe

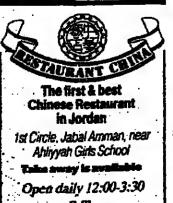
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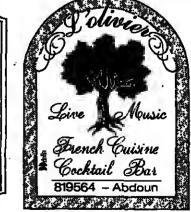
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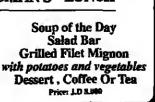


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European defence plans in turmoil as NATO, EC summits draw near

BRÜSSELS — Plans to set up a European defence policy for the 21st century are starting to fall apart in acrimony and confusion, with just a few weeks to go before NATO and the European Community hold vital summit meet-

The argument, of baffling com-plexity even to those involved in the negotiations, springs from one question: Will the United States and Western Europe remaio partners in politics, trade and defence, or will the traditional bonds that have lioked them for decades snap and give way to

Competing views on this underlie the debate over how far, if at all, the European Community should take over some of the defence responsibilities that have always been the preserve of the U.S.-led North Altantic Treaty

It's a very messy debate. There are differences which are completely irreconcilable, the way things stand at the momeot," said Simon Lunn, deputy secretary-general of the Brussels-based North Atlantic Assembly.

with a controversial meeting in Paris at which they called again for a common defence policy within a future federal EC.

They agreed elements of a joint foreign and security policy should be decided by majority voting within the community. Britain, Denmark and Ireland regard this area as the sole preserve of national governments.

Some EC members denounced the Paris meeting as an attempt by heavyweights France and Germany to circumvent discussions among all 12 members and force the issue before a December summit of EC leaders in the Dutch town of Maastricht.

France bas taken the lead because it resents U.S. leadership of NATO and wants independent European defences as part of greater ecocomic and political integration.

To confuse matters further, Britain and Italy — the two other major EC states - launched a proposal of their own 10 days ago endorsing a community foreign and defence policy as long as it did nothing to uodermice

NATO officials publicly welcome moves toward closer Euro-France, Germany and Spain pean integration, arguing that a some of the cold war defence burden imposed on the United States. But they are also worried the EC might go too far.

Washington, concerned about losing its influence over the alliance, has repeatedly said it will not accept any arrangement that undermines NATO, marginalises any of its members or doplicates its functions.

"We've spelled out our views and we stick to them," said one U.S. official at NATO. Washington is backed by NATO members Turkey, Norway and Iceland, which are not part of the com-

The unspoken warning is that a "go-it-alone" policy by the Europeans could lead the United States to bring its troops home, thus breaking the trans-Atlantic ties at the heart of NATO.

Washington already plans to withdraw balf of the 300,000 U.S. troops stationed in Europe oow the cold war is over.

"You have two extreme views the French and the Americans and various other countries who seem to be somewhere in the middle and not very clear," said

Although all but one of the EC member states are also in NATO, the debate is difficult to follow because some countries seem to contradict themselves.

Germany professes deep commitment to the trans-Atlantic bond, but has also worried Washingtoo and London by endorsing France's ferociously inde-

The Germans want an American wife and a French mistress," said one NATO official. "The problem is that it is impossible to sleep with both of them."

NATO, due to hold a summit in Rome early next month to set ont a new role for itself in the post-cold war world, has also shown signs of confusion.

Alliance foreigo ministers agreed a lengthy statement on the so-called "Eoropean defence identity" at a Copenhagen meet-ing in June, which officials say

left many questions unresolved.
"It basically pleased everyone by saying: The Europeans can do what they like, so long as they don't meddle with NATO," said one senior alliance official. "We still baven't resolved the basic contradiction inherent in that

Democracy — an idea whose time has come, and maybe gone

By I.F. Abdullah

THE system of American democracy is very rigid, static, and very difficult to change. This becomes clear when every new president begins to tackle the national debt issue and fails. No congressman or any entitled group or state is willing to compromise any of the money or benefits they have for the sake of the country as a whole as obviously nobody is willing to do such "sacrifice." The president quickly realises it is a loosing battle and the only other option an administration has to bail out the system and cut the deficit is by grabbing from elsewhere, resulting in a war where the goods are secured from some other country. Western democracies are all

hostages to this phenomenon, and they now team op and become allies when it comes to the "heist" from elsewhere. Demo-. cracy is oow working to the detriment of its constituency, and the "tyranny of the majority" in a democracy prevents any changes since a majority always has a stake and benefit from the status quo which allowed the formation of such a majority in the first

Democracy is advocated to the Third World by "well meaning" countries with established demo-

cracies. These entities fully realise that when democracy takes root, countries become very difficult to manage and political sys-tems become valuerable to outside influence buying their way through ever available pundits at the expense of the national interest. Democracy is a ticket to destabilise and control countries. and maintain chaos under its

Democracy can lead to indecision and immobilise progress. It should be noted that the Arab World, and especially the Palestinians, are victims of Israeli democracy, since any decisioo oo settlements can result in the downfall of the then current government. The whole country goes into indecisioo for sometime until a new government is operational again. This mability to make decisions has been exploited by all parties in Israel to maintain the status quo and sustain an inflexi-

Many factors required for a successful democracy are missing in the Arab countries: there aren't enough divergent special interests to counteract each other, there aren't enough large scale establishments with hundreds of thousands of employees to create powerful unions, and there is substantial fragmentation

among the citizenry, except for the dominant party. On another front, the media is not profitable enough to maintain independence, and there is substantial vulnerability to outside interests and influence offering personal gain at the expense of national

Democracy can be substituted in Third World countries by "freedom of action." In a world where ideology is becoming secondary and capitalism is becoming the main preoccupation and aim, very few captivating motives remain

Whether freedom of action in a stable environment, when granted by a benevolent government attuned to the interests and desires of its citizenry, can be the necessary ingredient for progress, especially when stability is achieved through "dominance of a party or clan, or a tribal collective government, leads in time to a "western-style democracy (regardless of its merits), while maintaining a stable government, is very difficult to prove, as the experience of Lebanon, India, many countries of Latin America. and the Soviet Union has shown.

Freedom of action may be the realistic expectation, with ambi-tion fulfilled and challenge derived from personal endeavours.

achievements, and business and professional successes in hear of deological political expression. Until such time when national experiments can develop workable methods of actneying the goals of textbook democrates within the selfish interest strately of groups, individuals, and ruling establishments, stability remains a powerful asset for nations. inequities inherent in maintain such stability must be weighte against chaos, capital flight, and economic self-destruction. Recent history has been very polis tive, and in an age of instant communication, awareness and open societies, governments could not sustain the iron the rule or forcible control societies and have started to answer to the needs if their population in civilised and intellistionally accepted norms.

Real functional democracy is much like a luxury: only the wealthy can afford it. In the soope of Third World countries, very few are the wealthy, and they can afford to buy it beyond their own

The writer is an architect and real estate broker in Houston, Texas, U.S. He contributed the above

Sharing the most precious resource in the Middle East

By Ali Z. Ghazawi

WATER security will be one of the most important items to be tackled two weeks after the projected Madrid peace talks, on Nov. 13. The scarcity of water in the Middle East has been a constant source of friction between the various countries in the regioo. Water flowing from the rivers that originate in non-Arab countries accounts for 65 per cent of the region's water supply.

Thomas Stauffer, an international water consultant, wrote for the Arab Research Centre symposium on water, held in Amman n 1984, that it would cost Isreal about \$1.2 to \$1.8 billion per year to supply its population with the employing large-scale sea water desalination plants to replace the water it takes from the occupied territories, which costs \$2 billion

Two-thirds of Israel's water resources is secured within its 1948 borders while the remaining onethird is pumped from the West Bank. Of the West Bank's 615 million cubic metres (MCM), more than 80 per cent is consumed by 120,000 Jewish settlers and the remaining is used by 1.2 million Palestinians. Jewish settlers' per capita consumptioo ranges between 640 to 1,480 cubic metres per year. In cootrast, Palestinian per capita consumptioo ranges between 107 to 156 cubic metres per year.

According to the Johnston Plan, three countries — Jordan, Syria and Israel — have to share the Jordan River water. However, Israel diverted the Jordan River's water at Lake Tiberias through its national water carrier to central Israel and the Negev

Another common water source between the three countries is the Yarmouk River. The Yarmouk River waterflow has been re-fuced to less than 385 MCM sually and distributed between

dan, Syria and Israel, each ling 35 per cent, 39 per cent nd 26 per cent respectively. Jorin is transferring its share from Yarmouk River to the Jordan valley, which provides the King-Join with more than 40 per ceot of its agricoltoral produce, hrough the King Abdullah canal or trrigation purposes.
Water is a precious commodity

n the Middle East because of the urid climate of the region. One of he main Israeli reason in occupyng South Lebanon was to control be Litani River, which originates n the Bekaa Valley. A wideange scheme to transfer water to inderground pipes from the Lita-u River to Israel has been under mplementation for some time

Furthermore, Israeli water enincers have been conducting waer surveys in Ethiopia and Uganla in order to diver part of the lile water by building several lams before it reaches Egypt. It worth mentioning that Israel olicymakers have been eager to the Negev Desert, Such scheme would provide Israel with sufficieot water resources to settle and inhabit the desert.

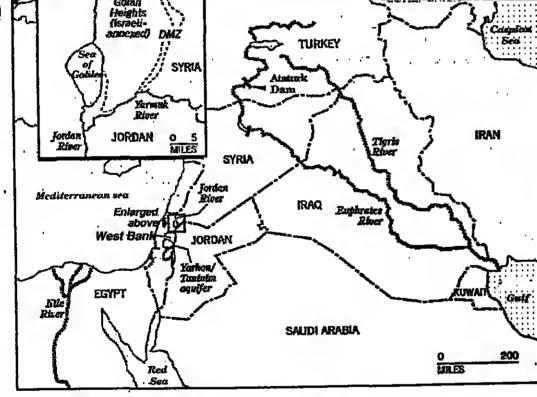
Within this context one wonders what are the most effective methods to deal with the water securify issue during the upcoma peaceful settlement. The Guif Cooperation Council states can supply fuel free or at reduced prices to run such a plant. - Third, since most of the

Middle East countries suffer from

acute water shortages, an agree-ment on crop patterns should be

- Fifth, a regional water bank should be established, where the Middl East states can collect and save water during the rainy season to use in times of shortage.

The writer is an economic researcher. He contributed the above article to the Jordan Times.



ing peace parley. Here is an attempt to put forward a few suggestions which could be of some helps:

— First, emphasis should be

placed on sharing the technology in water discovery and uses within the region. This can be accomplished on bilateral basis with financial and technical assistance from the United States, the European Community and Japan.

Second, a joint large-scale sea water desalioation plant signed. Furthermore, the planting of soch water-consuming crops as cotton and rice should be mated. (Since none of the Middle East countries bas achieved food security so far, the elimination of certain crops should not pose a problem). Cooperation and coordination should again be emphasised.

Fourth, all parties should stop subsidising water prices in order to eliminate excessive wa-

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a. Project Description: The Water Authority intends to collect water from Murhib wells No. s (1,2,3 & 4) to reservoir (1000)m3 in Murhib Area, and transmit the water by pumping to Awajan existing reservoir (550)m³, and Berain proposed reservoir (1000)m³ capacity.

b. Work load will be considered in awarding.

c. Tender price J.D.200 non-refundable.

d. Last date for purchase of tender documents on November 13th, 1991.

Offers shall be submitted to Government Directorate before 13:30 local time on Saturday 23th. of November

Deputy Chairman Central Tenders Committee Government Tenders Directorate

The Cuomo presidential game — will he run? cause he lacked the rhetorical

By Arthur Spiegelman Reuter

NEW YORK — If Hamlet were alive today he would be Mario Cuomo, the Democratic governor of New York state, and the question would be "to run or not

Mr. Cuomo, considered by many to be the most articulate and charismatic figure in a depressed Democratic Party, is making front-page oews these days by simply stating he is thinking of running for his party's U.S. presidential nomination.

Six other Democrats have already declared bu Mr. Cuomo makes news by saying he is thinking of doing what they have already done and the reason is simple - no other Democrat looks as strong as he does on paper in the fight to defeat President George Bush in the 1992

No other Democrat has kept the public and the political guessing longer than Mr. Cuomo. The "will he or won't he" question is now in its seventh year.

Political experts say that if the Democrats are to win the White find a candidate who can articulate the mood of pessimism that seems to be sweeping a country worried about its economy, falteriog schools, worsening crime and a flawed health care

"Bush can be beaten in 1992, Cuomo might make a lousy presi-dent but he can be a very good candidate because he can speak," says retired New York Times political columnist James Reston, who has covered 10 presidents.

Mr. Cuomo declined to run in 1988 and Democrats got stuck with another governor — Michael Dukakis of Massachusetts — who was soundly defeated, partly be-

But in Chicago on Sunday, Mr. firepower Mr. Cuomo packs. Mr. Dukakis could not articulate the issues, counter Mr. Bush's attacks or talk with passion, even when asked what he would do if someone raped and

Ten days ago Mr. Cuomo had a dozen New York reporters and television cameras waiting for him to finish addressing a group of high school students in Manhattan because he had told an earlier meeting of financial backers that he would think about making the run.

nurdered his wife.

Then, for 45 minutes, in a dozen different ways, Mr. Cuomo explained that his thinking about the presidency — which he says he does all the time — did not mean a change in his position that he had no plans to run.

Cuomo took matters further, saying he had until "sometime in November" to make a decision. He says his problem is "I'm the governor of New York, How do you manage that and a presidential campaign?"

It was a problem another New York governor, Franklin Roosevelt, handled well in his successful 1932 presidential cam-

On Tuesday the New York Post reported that Mr. Cuomo's son, Andrew, a key political adviser, had for the first time urged his father to run. Quoting two unnamed sources close to the governor, the Post said Andrew had made a detailed analysis of what his father would have to do win the presidency.

to say what advice, if any, he had given his father.

Bob Neuman, a Democratic strategist and former official of the Democratic National Committee, said he expects Mr. Cnomo to jump into the race aidd that Mr. Cuomo's leading supporters in California are telling major fundraisers there to hold off siding with any other Demo-crat until the governor decides. "He's got an obvious leg-up on

the others. He'll be formidable, but I don't think anyone can sit back and just let it happen," Mr. Neuman said.

"He has to work for it. And he knows that. He's a good enough politician to know that it would be arrogant to assume the nomination will automatically

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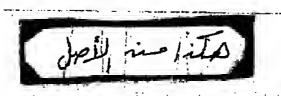
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Masri meets Palestinian delegations.

Continued from page 1)

ime

team.

Reporters were kept away from the hall where the meetings took place.

Later the spokesman of the Palestinan negotiating team, Dr. Hanan

Ashrawi, said that Mr. Masri met with representatives from inside and outside the occupied territories. She gave no details but described the meeting "as productive and informa-

Arafat to stay out of peace talks

(Continued from page 1)

real peace, but we have to work now for it ... we may succeed to actifeve real peace in this area," he said. The interview for the current

events programme "Pozner and Donahue," was broadcast live to some parts of the United States.

Mr. Arafat said Thursday he was prepared to discuss a cease-fire with Israel to help along moves towards Middle East

But the PLO leader, whose organisation is barred from attending the historic peace conference in Madrid next week, said Israel will have to talk to him first

first:

"We are ready to examine positively any official ofer (from Israe!) with view to mutual arrangements between the two parties in order to facilitate a peaceful outcome," Mr. Arafat told a news conference in Tunis Thursday.

He was responding to a question from Yuzi Mahnaimi, Middle East editor of the Tel Aviv daily Yedioth Aharonoth, who asked whether the PLO would consider goodwill gestures such as a ceasefire to help the peace

"Let them ask me the question officially, first of all, and I will

reply, I am president of the State

of Palestine and not of a charitable association," Mr. Arafat replied.
"So far they (Israeli leaders)

have said no to the PLO."

Mr. Arafat left open the question of whether any ceasefire would include a halt to the intifada in the occupied territories, which is now nearing the end of its fourth year. "The cause of the intifada is the (Israeli) occupa-

tion," be said.

He suggested that a ceasefire would involve a halt to armed attacks on Israel from outside and inside the occupied territories, a halt to new Jewish settlements in the territories and the release of

Israel puts the number of Palestinians in its military jails at more than 8,500.

Mr. Arafat also said that as part of any peace accord the PLO would favour deployment of multinational forces inside a future Palestinian state along its border with Israel "for as long as the Israeli people think it necessary to ensure their security."

"It would also be a security for us the Palestinians," be added. "Mr. Arafat said that in the long term the two sides should establish normal relations, including free movement of people.

"We discussed strategies and brought each other up-to-date," she

The basis of the joint Jordanian-Palestinian negotiating strategy has already been worked out by His Majesty King Hussein and PLO Chairman Yaser Arafat while technical teams from both sides are currently formulating working papers on the various aspects of negotiations.

rently formulating working papers on the various aspects of negotiations. PLO officials said that the agreement with Jordan stressed that the joint delegation at the conference withseek a solution based an Israeli withdrawal from all of the occupied tenitories and the right of selfdetermination for the Palestinian

They said that the agreement specified that the establishment of a Jordanian-Palestinian confederation will come after the Palestinians areable to practise their right to selfdetermination.

Although the exact wording of the greement was not made public, it is

opposition to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Jordan and the PLO have also agreed that they will press for an immediate halt to Israeli settlements in the occupied territories prior to the start of the bilaneral rails, and that

progress should be made on the Palestinian issue before proceeding to the multilateral talks.

The positions of both Jordan and the PLO were given a big boost on Thursday when a meeting of ministers of frontiline states in Damascus declared the Arab side will seek an immediate halt to the Israeli settlements and a complete Israeli withdrawal from all of the occupied Arab

The Damascus meeting, which had the blessing of both Gulf states and the Arab Maghreb Union, apparently sinced at countering declared Israeli intentions to secure its acceptance in the Arab World without making a territorial compromise.

There were no strong indications, however, that the Damascus declaration amounted to a full-fledged commitment by all parties or an agreement that the Arab side will demand the postponement of the date of the multilateral talks.

to start who weeks after the opening of the conference.

A senior PLO official, who attended the Damascus meeting, said Friday that practical steps were still needed to ensure a unified Arab

position.

"We all want to see real progress concerning the issues of Israeli with-

drawal and the settlements so that we can seriously discuss regional security and economic arrangements," said PLO Executive Committee member

Yasser Abed Rabbo.

"But to practically implement these objectives we will continue the coordination prior to the peace conference," Mr. Abed Rabbo said.

ence," Mr. Abed Rabbo said.

The Damascus meeting involved the beginning of a reconciliation process involving both Jordan and the PLO with Sandi Arabia. Jordan's Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber and Mr. Qaddoumi met separately and informally with Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Sand Al Faisal for the first time since the Gulf war.

Arab sources close to the meeting told the Jordan Times that Prince Sand stressed Sandi Arabia's political support for the Jordanian-Palestinian negotiang position, but there were no commitment for the resumption of Sandi financial aid to either Jordan or the PLO.

Jordanian sources said Dr. Abu Jaber was happy with both the results of the Arab meeting and his exchange with the Saudi minister. "The latter helped to clear the atmosphere between the two countries following the strain of the Gulf crisis," one source said. "It is a step forward, and we are hoping for more of the same," the source added.

Jordan finalises its delegates

(Continued from page 1)

come back to the consultative

body and the cabinet on every

The highest authority on the negotiations by the joint Jordanian-Palestinian committee will be the consultative body under the joint command of King Hussein and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman

Yasser Arafat.

Technical committees, comprising senior government officials who have had decades of experience with problems and issues spawning from the Arab-Israeh conflict, are working on finalising the details of presenting the Jordanian case in Madrid and enabling the actual negotiating team to get down to business in bilateral talks with Israel.

Dr. Majali, who has served as minister of health and education as well as a special advisor to the King in the past, will assume charge of the bilateral negotiations after the opening session of the conference.

"Dr. Abu Jaber will head the team to the ceremonies at Madrid but Dr. Majali will remain with the negotiating team when talks the negotiating team when talks the high field to conduct ensemble of the senior government source said.

the negotiating team when talks break into bilateral negotiations," a source told the Jordan Times.

The naming of a "technical team" to the peace conference came after speculations that a "national team" comprising poli-

"national team" comprising political heavy weights of Jordan was being planned, but sources explained that the need for a national team was not eliminated under the present arrangements. "The team of negotiators does not have the jurisdiction to make national decisions but has to

The two teams within the delegation are expected to conduct several coordination meetings during the next two days before leaving to Madrid Monday.

step they make," said one of the sources.

"Therefore there is no need for a national team at the negotiating table because the final decision

I leaving to Madrid Monday.

The joint delegation is also expected to meet with King Hussein for final consultations before the conference.

Resignation to end differences

(Continued from page 1)

Mafraq, was unavailable for comment Friday, but in comments to the international press, he asserted that his resignation was also related to his discontentment over the composition of the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the peace tells.

tion to the peace talks.

"I have a certain position which differs from that of the government," Mr. Dughmi was quoted as saying by the Associated Press. "I am not against the peace conference, but I am against the form of participation," added the deputy, a member of the eightmember Democratic bloc in the Lower House.

He was also quoted as saying that he disagreed with the government's economic policy, including its decision to dispose of the government's shares in the private

sector.

"There may be dozens of reasons behind Mr. Dughmi's resignation, but the main among them is differences with other cabinet members, including the prime minister himself," said the cabinet source. "It is a long story of uneasy working relationship in the council of ministers."

According to sources close to the cabinet members and others, the proverbial straw came over conflicting stands adopted by Mr. Masari and Mr. Dughmi over the contentious issue of government involvement in the administration of private enterprises, which are majority owned by

the government.

The sources said Mr. Masri and Mr. Dughmi recently clashed over whether the government should use its influence in the appointment of a director general of one enterprise which is majority by owned by the Social Security Corporation (SSC), whose chairman is by law the labour minister, in this case Mr. Dughmi himself.

Controversy still surrounds the argument between the prime minister and Mr. Dughmi, since neither was available for comment and no independent confirmation of what had actually happened could be obtained by the Jordan Times.

The debacle might have served as the straw that broke the council's back in Mr. Dughmi's term as minister, but the build-up to it has been in the making for some time although little has been

said about it in the media.

The business community, mostly industrialists, had been disenchanted with Mr. Dughmi's policy of summary replacements of foreign workers by Jordanians as one of the key solutions to addressing the mounting unemployment in the kingdom.

The industralists had argued that they were suffering from dramatic decline in productivity and efficiency as a result of sudden departures of key foreign workers and had appealed to the prime minister for a gradual process of replacing those workers rather than blanket refusal to renew work permits for them

and causing sudden disrup-

tions in production.

On the human level, employers of foreign labour had aruged, many of the foreign workers who came under the Labour Ministry axe had been in Jordan for many years and filled in a key slot in the Jordanian economy left vacant by the Kingdom's skilled personnel who opted for more lucrative jobs in the Golf estates.

"If Jordan can argue that it was unfair for Knwait to summarily dismiss Jordanians and Palestinians who hadbeen there for decades, then the same argument can also be applied in the case of foreign wokers in Jordan." noted one of them. "Besides no labour minister can ignore the distinction between skilled members of any workforce, such as university professors, and manual labourcategory when issuing work permits to them," he added. The human aspect also weakens our case and argument for retaining our expatriates abroad."

At the same time, proponents of the "Jordanisation" of the labour work argue that the process should start with weeding out "dispensible foreign elements" employed in Jordan, "which is what Mr. Dughmi has been trying to

"But singling out foreigners and replacing them
with Jordanians is not the
answer," commented a
prominent businessman.
"The Ministry of Labour,
along with all other concerned government departments, should work towards
creating more job opportunities rather than focusing on
skilled foreign workers who
have contributed a lot to Jordan's economy over the

On a different level, Mr. Dughmi was known to have been publicly pursuing means to secure funds for the Development and Employment Fund, although, at least technically; it was the ministries of planning and finance as well as the Industrial Development Bank which were directly involved in the fund, which was proposed and partially financed by the World Bank.

The fund, which is slowly taking shape after securing commitments from the European Community and other external sources, will seek to finance self-support projects initiated by skilled Jordanians.

Economists argue, however, that the fund, one of the self-admitted centre-pieces of Mr. Dughmi's approach to reducing unemployment, could not have addressed the unemployment problem by any significant measure of success since the target amount is \$16 million while recent figures released by the Planning Ministry indicates that the Kingdom needs at least \$2 billion to create enough jobs to absorb the unemployed in the King-



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UNITECH

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52 drivers take part in speed test

Komok wins season's final event

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Ahmad Komok in - a. Renault 5 Turbo won Friday's speed test organized by the Royal Automobile Club of Jor-

dan (RACI). Komok, who was 14th in the overall Jordanian standings prior to the speed test won with a time of 2 minutes and 17.23 seconds. Ma'rouf Abu Samra in apother Rensult 5 Turbo came in second with a time of 2 minutes 19.57 seconds. He was followed by Ghaith Bilbeisi in a Toyota Starlet 1350 CC with a time of 2 minutes 19.68 seconds. The speed test, held at the "RACJ, began at 10 a.m. with 52 drivers taking part and a large number of auto sports enthu-

siasts cheering their favourites. The results were decided on the basis of the fastest times recorded by each competitor in the two attempts of the morning and afternoon sessions.

Friday's speed test was highly competitive as it concluded the 1990-91 Jordanian Championship, season and the speed test's results might well affect the overall standings of the driv-

ers.
Competitors in the speed test ranged from experienced drivers to newcomers to the sport. Each had different aspirations and

ideas about the competition. Ma'rouf Abu Samra, who won last month's speed test was very apprehensive of the results.

"We're now competing not just for winning the speed test but for the overall standings in the Drivers Open Championship of Jordan." Abu Samra told the Jordan Times.

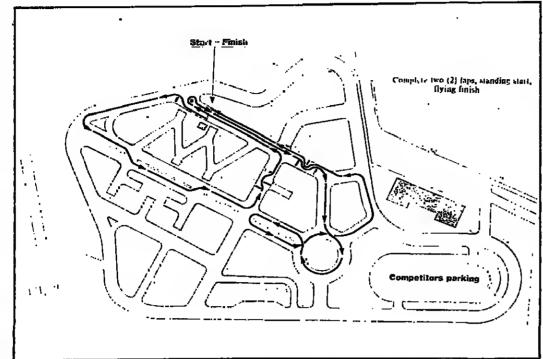
Mohammad Al Matkari, 12th in the overall standings, who also took part in the speed test in his Datsun 180B, said: "It is a very enjoyable sport and pastime although we face many problems due to lack of spon-

First time competitor, Mohsen Al Jabali commented: "It's a bit scary at first, hot I would like to be able to compete with the more experienced drivers."

Commenting on the safety rules and organisation of the speed test, Hassan Al Taba'a who is fourth in the overall standings said: "The organisers have done their numost to ensure that spectators and participants abide by the safety rules. This speed test is much better orga-

Prior to Friday's speed test, Naser Bustami was leading the Drivers Open Championship with 165 points followed by Ma'rouf Abu Samra in secood place with 162 points and Gaith

Bilbeisi third with 143.5 points. In the Autotests Open Championship of Jordan Ghaith Bilbeisi leads with 50 points. Sinan Saudi is second with 44 points, while Ahmad Komok is third with 38 points.



Four Americans reach quarterfinals in Stockholm

STOCKHOLM (AP) — Pete Sampras has joined fellow Americans Richey Reneberg, Jim Courier and Aaron Krickstein in the quarterfinals of the Stock-

.It was the best U.S. showing in the \$1.1 million tournament since 1981, when five Americans made the final eight.

Sampras, last year's U.S. Open champion and seeded No. 7, overcame David Engel of Sweden 6-7 (1-7), 6-2, 6-4 to set up a meeting with defending champion Boris Becker.

"I still feel I'm playing good tennis, but oot great. I'm not at the same level as Lyon," said Sampras, who captured his third ATP title of the year in France last week.

Becker, who beat Sampras in straight sets in the semis here last year, advanced with a 7-6 (7-3), 6-1 victory over Goran Prpic, a Croat who refuses to play for

said Becker, the world's secondranked player. "Tomorrow will be a good test for me to see where

"I haveo't played many top players in the last couple of

Becker suffered a back injury during the U.S. Open and didn't make his comeback until two weeks ago in Tokyo, where he was beaten by American Derrick

Engel, ranked 165th in the world before the tournament, saved four set points in his last two service games and then took the opening set by winning the tiebreak 7-1 before a partisan crowd of 12,915 at the Globe

Sampras, serving and returning well, jumped to a 4-0 lead in the second set and coasted the rest of the way. He broke the Swede's

pulled cartilage on his ribs last

week and his doctor said he could

not even spar for six to eight

Intense negotiations earlier this

week aimed at rescheduling the

fight failed to produce a date

agreeable to hoth fighters' camps.

hoped to hold the fight before

Jan. 27, when Tyson is scheduled

to go on trial on charges that he

raped a beauty pageant contes-tant last July in his hotel room in

But Main Events spokes-

want to wait that long to fight

training he already has put in,"

West led a fourth-best heart and declarer seized the opportunity for a "free" finesse for the jack of hearts.

The operation was a success, but the

patient died. After winning with the

ten, declarer started on diamonds When West won the see of dia-monds, that defender continued with the ace of hearts, felling the king, and the jack to drive out de-

clarer's queen. Declarer had only eight tricks and tried to steal a ninth

by leading a spade, but West alertly

Had declarer taken some time be

fore committing to the first trick, it might have become obvious that the

finesse in hearts was illusory. West

had to have all the missing aces to

open the bidding, so the heart suit was safe from attack if declarer

played the king from dummy at the

first trick. That would win, and declarer can

then start on diamonds. If West

wins and continues hearts, South's

Q-10 constitutes two additional stoppers in the suit and the defend-

ers are limited to their three aces.

Any shift would permit declarer to then force out the ace of spades, and North-South garnered 10 tricks.

The urge to win an extra trick

stepped in with the ace and cash two more heart tricks to inflict a

one-trick set on the enemy.

"He doesn't want to waste the

Indianapolis, Indiana.

Tyson promoter Don King had

NEW YORK (R) — With the eagerly anticipated showdown ribs, undispoted heavyweight boxing champioo Evander Holyter announced Thursday.

in his hometown of Atlanta, Georgia, agaiost the former European heavyweight champion on Nov. 23, said Main Events chief Dan Duva, who promotes Holyfield's fights.

The fight will take place at the

fend against Tyson on Nov. 8 in Las Vegas in a bout that was

Rostagno in the quarters.

Holyfield to fight Damiani in Atlanta next month

GOREN BRIDGE

RESIST THAT IMPULSE

against Mike Tyson on hold due to the former champion's injured field will fight Italian Francesco Daniani next month, his promo-

Holyfield will defend his crown

Omni, where Holyfield won his first world title in 1986 - the World Boxing Association junior heavyweight crown.
- Holyfield had been set to de-

expected to earn an estimated

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH 991 Tifbure Mede Services, Inc

Both vulnerable. West deals.

♠ K Q 10 2 ♥ K 4

A 9 5 EAST

♥K4

SOUTH ♣ J 6 5 ♥ Q 10 7 2 ♦ K 10 6 4

3 NT Pass

ning lead: Five of ♡

plan your campaign—whether you're declaring or defending. South

ignored this sage advice and paid a terrible price.

double, South's jump to two no trump was classic—no four-card major, tt points in a balanced hand

and a double stopper in the enemy

suit. Since North had a rather better than minimum double at any vul-

nerability, the raise to three no

In response to partner's takeout

Before playing to the first trick,

The bidding:
West North East
1 9 Dbl Pass
Pass

WEST

4J42

"I played much easier today,"

neberg, who beat No. 9 seed Karel Novacek of Czechoslovakia

He's D last couple of weeks so it's going to be a difficult match," Edberg of the unseeded Reneberg, who is ranked 39th in the

Petre Korda fought back from a set down to beat No. 5 seed Ivan Lendl 5-7, 6-1, 6-4 and will meet French Open champion Jim Courier in the quarterfinals.

Courier, the third seed, beat

serve for 5-4 in the decisive set his ballboy a few times back and then held to wrap up the match. "He served so well in the last

two sets," Engel said. "There was nothing I could do. The serve is his best weapon." Earlier, top-seeded Stefan Edberg extended his match winning streak to 19, two short of his

personal record, with an easy 6-2, 6-3 win over Brad Gilbert of the Edberg won successive ATP titles in Sydney and Tokyo, where he also beat Gilbert in straight sets, after capturing first

U.S. Open title early September. The Swede's personal record is 21 straight matches. That streak ended with a first-round loss at the U.S. Open last year. "It's a long way to improve the

record. I need to win here and the

three last matches are always the toughest in a tournament," said Edberg, whose streak is the longest of the year. Edberg's oext opponent is Re-

2-6, 6-3, 6-3.

Rostagno 7-5, 6-1.

home during a youth tourna-ment," said Korda after the centrecourt match between the two

native Czechoslovaks. The remaining quarterfinal will pit Krickstein against hardserving Croat Goran Ivanisevic. Krickstein, who upset Wimbledon champion and No. 4 seed Michael Stich io three sets Wednesday, defeated No. 14 seed Jakob Hlasek of Switzerland

6-2, 3-6, 6-2. Ivanisevic, seeded 12th, edged No. 6 guy forget of France 7-6. The first tiebreak, which ended 15-13, was the longest on the circuit this year. Ivanisevic won the second tiebreaker 7-5.

Korda, a lefthander who reached a career-high 13th on the ATP computer by winning a recent tournament in Berlin, used a serve-and-volley game to beat Lendl, the 1989 Stockholm Open

"The (supreme court) surface is really quick, so it gave me a chance to play an aggressive Korda, 23, broke the top 50 in

the rankings in July and has been climbing ever since. Switching of a new coach, for-

mer Czech pro Vladimir Zednik. early this year helped Korda to improve his game. He also has a new attitude.

"We've worked real hard, but not only on my game," Korda said. "He has changed me mentally, to be more happy in my life and enjoy my tennis and make people happy. Unforturnately, Vladimir can't be with me this "It's a dream come true. I was week because he is sick."

Braves bomb Twins to take 3-2 World Series lead

ATLANTA (R) — The Atlanta to thank them." Braves dispensed with suspense on Thursday and instead delivered an awesome 14-5 manling of the Minnesota Twins to complete a home sweep that turned the World Series upside down.

After winning consecutive oneran, nail-biting victories the last two nights, the Braves pounded Minnesota with a double-fisted attack that included three bome runs, three triples and a pair of doubles among 17 hits. The offensive explosion put

Atlanta within one victory of winning the series despite losing the first two games in Minnesota. The lopsided result sent the crowd of 50.878 at Atlanta-Ful-

ton County Stadium into rapture and enough tomahawk-chopping to cause and epidemic of sore "This is the best bome park in

baseball, what with the chop that has really caught on all over,' said Atlanta centrefielder Ron Gant, who had three hits, including a triple. "They really supported us this season and it does something for the attitude of our ballcloh.

The Braves, however, have played their last game at home as the best-of-seven shifts to the Metrodome on Saturday where the Twins have never lost a World Series game.

"Since it was the last game in Atlanta we felt like we owed them something," Gant said. "All the guys on our team wanted

English league this season, hope

history does not repeat itself at

Sheffield Wednesday Saturday.

United, who lost to Atletico

Madrid in their European Cup

Winners' Cup second-round first-

leg game in midweek, travel to Hillsborough hoping to stretch

their 12-match unbeaten league

But match number 13 may

In 1985, under manager Ron

Atkinson, United were top of the

division with a 15-match un-

beaten run when they went to

Wednesday. They lost 1-0 to a Lee

chapman goal and finished the

season fourth, 12 points behind

Wednesday were fighting for

promotion from the second divi-

sion last season but they still

managed to embarrass United,

beating them 1-0 at Wembley in

Veteran Northern Ireland de-

fender Nigel Worthington be-

heves his team mates could well

Worthington, the longest-serv-

ing player at Wednesday, missed

the 1985 game through injury hut

hopes to make amends. "This is

one of those games you lonk

Welsh striker Mark Hoghes,

starting a three-match ban, will

be one of three United Players

absent. Defender Paul Ince hurt

his ankle and Mark Phelan his

To add to United's problems Mark Robins, a possible deputy

for Hughes, also starts a two-

If United remain unbeaten,

prove unfortunate.

champions Liverpool.

the League Cup final.

poll off another upset.

forward to," he said.

back in Madrid.

match ban.

Manchester United worried

LONDON (R) — Leaders man-chester United, undefeated in the record for an unbeaten start to

1987-88.

by omens and history

Atlanta took 12 innings and more than four hours of win on Tuesday, and needed ninth-inning heroics on Wednesday to

even the series. Game 5 was played by an entirely different script as the Braves scored four runs in the fourth, six in the seventh and three in the eighth besides a solo run in the fifth for the biggest series total since the New York Yankees posted 16 runs in 1960.

Among the hitting stars were David Justice, who had a two-run homer and drove in five runs," Lonnie Smith, who homered for the third successive game," and the remarkable Mark Lemke. who continued his unlikely series heroics with two triples and three

Atlanta starting pitcher Tom Glavine earned the win and Twins starter Kevin Tapani was tagged with the defeat in a reversal of the verdict rendered in Game 2 in Minneapolis.

When the teams reconvene within the noisy confines of the indoor Metrodome, Minnesota is expected to send 20-game winner Scott Erickson against precocious lefthander Steve Avery in a door-die game for the Twins.

"We know it's going to be tough," Justice said. "They're a very different team at home, but I really think we can do it. I think we can take one out of two up

the season of 29 games set by

Leeds in 1973-74 and Liverpool in

Second-Placed Leeds, with

Chapman back from injury, are

just two points behind United

and play at Oldham. If they win

and United lose, Leeds will take

over at the top.

Liverpool, with only one win in their last eight games, have injury problems for their home match

Steve Nicol has a hamstring

Manager Graeme Souness has

signed Motherwell's ally maxwell

on loan for a month as reserve for

Bruce Grobbelaar while fellow

goalkeeper Mike Hooper recov-

ry Butcher, still noset after being

sent off in a midweek cup tie,

could be forced to include himself

in the lineup for the match at

knee operation after last year's

World Cup and played seven first

team games for Conventry after

taking over last season. He had

another operation in January,

and has hardly played since then.

signing from Liverpool, could get

his Highbury debut against Notts

County in place of Sweden's

Andres Limpar, Kevin Campbell, scorer in the

1-1 European Cup draw with Benfica Wednesday, could also

drop out with expensive signing

Ian Wright lurking in the wings as

Jimmy Carter, Arsenal's recent

The former England star had a

Coventry player-manager Ter-

ers from a calf operation....

strain, Gary Ahlett is suspended

and eight other first team players

against Coventry.

are injured.

the fan excitement here, I mean it's just been a wonderful season," Justice continued. "We'd. like to go to Minnesota and bring home that world championship for us and especially for our fans who supported us all year."

Minnesota manager Tom Kelly, ironically, had juggled his lineup in hopes of generating more runs, but the manoeuvring made no difference as Atlanta set the tone with a fourth-inning out-

Two of the biggest hits in the prising glanced off the gloves of wins fielders, but both would have required spectacular

Ron Gant started the rally with line single to left. Justice drove the next pitch toward the wall in The hall was hit so hard outfiel-

der Dan Gladden did not have time to set himself at the wall before leaping. He tipped the ball with end of his mitt and the ball bounded off the top of the fence and out of the park for a two-run

After a walk and an out, mild mannered Mark Lemke again transformed himself into a series sugger and ripped a long drive toward the wall in right. This time it was Davis who

"For us to come out and score reached up on the dead run but like we scored tonight and with had the ball tick off his glove and caron off the wall for a runscoring triple. Lemke then came around on a sharp double to left

by shortstop Rafael Bellianti. After adding another run in the fifth, Atlanta looked involuerable behind. Glavine.

But the lefthander, who had walked just 69 batters in 246 innings this season, lost his control in the sixth and was charged * with three runs in the in despite giving up just one hit. Glavine walked four batters, the last three in succession, to force in two of the runs.

Reliever Kent Mercker put out the fire and the Braves buried the Twins with a six-ron seventh started by a long blast to left by Smith_

It was the third homer put out the fire and the Braves buried the Twins with a six-run seventh started by a long blast to left by Smith.

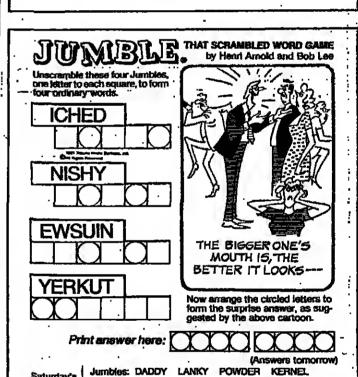
He became the first player to homer in three successive World Series games since "Mr. October" - Reggie Jackson accomplished the feat for the New York Yankees in 1977. "I'm just happy, I can't describe it," said Smith, 35.

"The home runs don't mean as much to me as the fact that we're

HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED



"I had a 20-minute aerobic workout just getting out of bed this morning."



Answer: In order to achieve success, first plan your work, than - - - WORK YOUR PLAN

Peanuts woman Kathy Dava said Wednesday that Holyfield did not





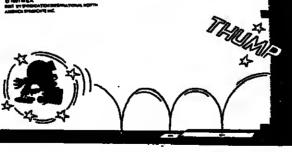




a replacement.

Andy Capp







Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Harvey Chylla

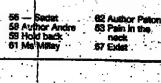
4 Shaping machines 7 Cat's-pay 14 Having a lazy nature 15 Resound 16 Betore 16 cerore
17 firegular
18 "__bells on
her __"
19 Biemish
21 Deposed
21 Deposed
24 Less frequent
26 Excellent golf

score 27 Blouse 30 Dream signal 32 Formal addre ground 37 Conserve 40 The Tigers 42 Bowling Item 44 Thought 45 Mar. Bood 47 Owns 48 1,728: abbr. 50 Toper

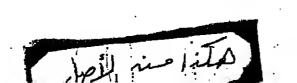
51 Fashion 53 Up — (comered) 55 Rental 68 Number 69 Make revisions 71 Take to the altar 72 Studies

DOWN 2 — time (never) 3 Row of seats 4 Hangs in the air 5 Comp. dir. 6 Sp. gent 7 Dwindled

territry's Pazzle Solve 11 Study of populations
12 Move
taboriously
13 Author Jules 22 Trust: Lat. 23 Elevate 25 Rel. of aero 27 Dry riverbed 28 inspired with 31 Sea cow 36 Nothing 38 Small contains

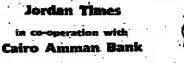






Financial Markets

Jordan Times



Currency	New York Clase	Takyo Close
	1 = £3/10/1991	Date 24/10/1991
Sterline Pound	1.6990	1.7977
Deutsche Mark	1.7115	1.7055
Swiss Franc	1.4960	1.4903
French Franc	5.8370	5.8725
Japanese Yen	131.68	131.33
European Curreny Unit	1.1965	1.2020
IND Secret	<u> </u>	

Currency	i MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	. 5.25	5.37	5.37	5.56
Sterling Pound	10.56	10.43	10.12	10-06
Deutsche Mark	9.15	9.25	9.31 .	9.31
Swiss Franc	8.12	8.25	8.18	8.18
French Franc	8.87	9.06	9.12	9.18
Japanese Yen	6.46	6.18	5.90	5.68
European Currency Unit	9.68	9.87	9.87	9.81

Precious I	Hetals			Date: 24	Date: 24/10/1991		
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm*	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm .		
Gold	360.85	7.05	Silver	4.11	0.097		
21 Karai							

•	Date: 24 (0) 177		
Currency	Bid	Offer-	
U.S. Dollar	0.6860	0.6880	
Sterling Pound	1.1683	1.1741	
Deutsche Mark	0.4014	. 0.4034	
Swiss Franc	0.4592	0.4615	
French Franc	0.1177	0.1183	
Japanese Yen*	0.5217	0.5243	
Dutch Guilder	0.3562	0.3580	
Swedish Krona	0.1102	0-1108	
Italian Lira*	0_0537	0.0540	
Belgian Franc	0.01951	0.01961	
Per 100	·············		

Hher	Currencies	

ound contractor	Date	Date: 24/10/1991	
Currency	Bid	Offer	
Bahraini Dinar .	1.7890	1.7950	
Lebanese Lira :	0.0775	0.0777	
Saudi Riyal	0.1826	0.1835	
Kuwaiti Dinar		-	
Qateri Riyal	0.1862	- 0.1870	
Egyptian Pound	0.2050	· 0.2150	
Omani Riyal	1.7560	1.7650	
UAE Dirham	0.1862	0.1870	
Greek Dractuna*	. 0.3640	0.3700	
Cypriot Pound	1 .4450	1.4625	
		<u></u>	

Index	22/10/1991 C	lose 23/10/1991 Close
Ali-Share	124_07	124.01
Banking Sector	105.24	104.67
Insurance Sector	125.11	125.21 .
Industry Sector	152.72	153.58
Services Sector	132.24	131.29

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

NI HIO ZONGON 101	Pr	
One Sterling	1.7135/45	
One U.S. dollar	1.1260/65	
	1.6966/76	
	1.9112/22	•
	1.4865/75	
	34.91/95	٠.
	5.7875/25	
	1267/1268	
	131.20/30	
	6 1820/70	

6.6480/6530

One ounce of gold 361.90/362.40

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs

Italian lire Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Tel: 677420

Changes in law were misunderstood; Jordan maintains liberal approach

Minister clarifies foreign investment policy

By P.V. Vivekenand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Contrary to common belief, the Lower House of Parliament has not discouraged foreign investment in the Kingdom and the door remains wide open for foreign investors to come in, according to Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Abul

The controversy, kindled by Lower House amendments to a draft law on foreign investments in Jordan, is much ado about nothing since the government has not changed its policy of encouraging foreign investors and simplifying related legal procedures, he said.

If anything, Mr. Abul Ragheb adds, the government has enhanced and improved the climate for foreign investment in the Kingdom and some of the regulations governing such enterprise are in fact more liberal than in some other Third World countries.

"Many potential investors have misunderstood the amendments to the law as voted by the Lower House" in carly August, Mr. Abul Ragheb told the Jordan Times in a recent interview.

The very idea of introducing the draft law was to reduce bureacracy and what the Lower House did was to reincorporate elements which added to the legal procedures governing permissions for foreign investment in the country, he said.

"What we wanted was to eliminate the involvement of the council of ministers in approving projects with foreign investment," Mr. Abul Ragheh explained. "The amendment to article six of the law now states that the council of ministers have to approve such projects, thus retaining the status quo."

MF increases funds for Dhaka

DHAKA (R) - The International Monetary Fund (IMF), which held up aid to Bangladesh earlier this year because of Dhaka's poor economic management, has now approved an extra \$123 million.

IMF and Bangladesh central bank officials said the IMF had increased to \$469 million the aid to Dhaka from a previous \$346 million offered under a threeyear programme which began in fiscal 1990/91.

IMF had been annoyed by Bangladesh's move to raise the salaries of about one million gov-ernment employees, bank offiThe pay like will cost four billion taka (about \$110 million) annually, according to official fi-

"The change of heart by the IMF indicates the fund was pleased with the economic programmes being pursued by the democratic government of Prime Minister Begum Khaleda Zia," a central bank official said.

An IMF official said a team from the fund which visited Bangladesh recently approved the extra money after it found Bangladesh had promised to take further steps to streamline the economy.

Amman Financial Market weekly trading

Following is a summary of trading during last week and the previous

	•	Oct. 19-23	Oct. 12-16
Daily average Total volume total shares. No. of contracts		JD 2,359,945 JD 11,799,727 4,751,572 5,344	JD 1,201,689 JD 6,008,447 2,469,626 3,557
	:	ral trading:	
	•	Tr. # 005 #05	

(stable)	10	10
(Decline)	23	22
Price movement (rise)	41	41
No. of compaines	74	73
Share price index	134.4	133.6
Insurance	. (0.9%)	(1.4%)
Service	(5.6%)	(7.4%)
	(27.0%)	(23.7%)
Financial	JD 3,187,187	JD 1,424,535
Industrial	(66.5%)	(67.5%)
	ID 7,895,782	JD 4,054,978

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - Stocks wound down a sluggish session to close barely changed. The 225-share Nikkei average was down 42.83 to 24,906.43.

FRANKFURT — German shares shrugged off an early boost that came in line with positive earnings commitments from Daimler-Benz to end lower across the board. The DAX index ended 6.98 down at 1,572.03.

ZURICH — Shares lost over one per cent, pressured by rising interest rates, profit-taking and position-squaring. The SPI index fell 12.6 to 1,081.7.

LONDON - U.K. stocks closed with wider losses, pushed down by weakness in Wall Street and a political opinion poll giving Labour a lead over the Conservatives. The FTSE closed 13.6 lower at 2514.7.

PARIS — Arbitrage helped the Paris bourse post a modest closing gain despite weakness in bonds. The CAC-40 index added 3.19 points to 1,834.

NEW YORK — Blue chip stocks retraced the session's losses by midday, recovering on a wave of buy-programmes.

Tel: 634144

CONCORD Adel Imam

SHAMS **ALZANATI** (Arabic)

Cincena

Shows: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Tel: 675571 Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

1. SOMERSAULT TIME PLAY

Shows: daily 8:30 p.m.

2. Children play THE TREASURE AND THE SEA

Shows: doily 10:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

PHILADELPHIA

Girls Just Want To Have Fun



Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 625155 RAINBOW

> Tom Selleck in HER ALIBI

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

The original draft of the law said investment from "foreign" investors in projects in the areas of industry,

tourism, health, agriculture, housing, mineral exploration, media, education telecommunications and construction could be approved by the minister of industry and trade. The amendment deleted mineral exploration. media, education, and tele-

communications from the areas where foreign investors could come and change the reference from "foreign" investors to "Arab" investors for projects that could be approved by the minister and stipulated than "non-Arab" investments should be cleared by the council of currencies) to Jordan.

The amendments do not prohibit "foreign" investments in these areas, Mr. Abul Ragbeb pointed out. In essence, he said, a foreign investor could own 100 per cent of projects in these fields as long as they had approval from the council of ministers upon the recommendation of the minister of trade and in-

Mr. Abul Ragheb referred to a recent agreement concluded between the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) and an Indian firm to set np a phosphoric acid plant in the south and said the JPMC will have only 40 per cent equity in the project while the Indian company will own 60 per cent.

Foreign investment in the fields of contracting and transporation - air, land and

cent ownership but after approval by the council of

Mr. Abul Ragheb noted that these areas "represent the hread and butter of Jordanians" and supported the argument that foreign investments in these fields should not exceed 49 per

Voted down by the House also were provisions allowing for foreign investors to set up small businesses and handicraft industries and for foreigners to participate in tenders and start projects as well as conduct technical studies if the investor transfers a minimum of JD 25,000 (or convertible equivalent in other

Other provisions in the law - left unchanged by the House - allow for foreign equipment, machinery and technical assistance as well as trade marks and patent rights to be brought into Jordan and considered as capital investment after their value has been determined by experts appointed by the minister of trade and industry.

The law liberalises foreign participation in dealings in the Amman stock market (as long as the volume of shares purchased by a foreign investor does not exceed 49 per cent of the total equity of the concerned company) and eases the way for repatriation of capital and profits.

The provisions allow profits derived by foreign investors from Jordanian projects to be reinvested and considered as capital.

The law also offers immunity to projects with foreign investment against seizures or confiscation except

through a legal process conducted by a court of law. The overriding stipulation in the law is that the foreign investor should transfer the funds in any convertible currency to Jordan through a licensed Jordanian financial institution. This provision is clearly aimed at blocking the flight of Jordanian capital disguised as foreign investment.

The amendments to the law came after razor-thin votes — in one case 29 in favour and 28 against -- in the House after what was interpreted by observers as an oversight on the part of the ministers-cum-deputies to turn up for the session. Only 57 of the 80 members of the House attended the session, but Islamist deputies and their supporters turned up in strength to incorporate the

"Six deputies who are ministers were not present during the session," noted one observer. "If they were present, there was no way these amendments could have been incorporated since the margin of votes in favour did not exceed two."

The main contention of the Islamists was that the draft law, in its original form, would have allowed "hostile powers" to invest in Jordan and gradually gain control of key econmic sectors in the Kingdom. But the net shape



Ali Abul Ragheb

ments has only added to the bureaucracy in contrast to the government's objective of addressing complaints that too many legal procedures discourage potential investors, economists say.

Furthermore, analysts say, if the goal of Islamists was to block "hostile investment" in Jordan then they have not succeeded since the council of ministers still is empowered to allow foreign minestors after scrutiny.

Observers point out that the amended law has not been fully endorsed by parliament since the Upper House (Senate) has not voted and approved it. "It is highly possible that the Senate would add its own amendments and send it back to the Lower House, prompting a new round of votes when the government could muster majority and reverse the original Lower House amendments," one observer

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Serbia rejects revised EC plan

THE HAGUE (R) — Serbian casting Corporation (BBC) radio, President Slobodan Milosevic said Friday morning: "No. Of Friday rejected a revised Euro-course I'm not confident. It pean Community (EC) plan for a would be foolish to be confident. loose association of independent Yngoslav republics.

This proposal, with this content does not lead to stability and peace but opens the way for sure to new instability and tension." he said in a speech released to

The European Communitysponsored peace talks on Yugoslavia reopened Friday, with presidents of the country's six republics attending, to discuss a plan for a loose association of independent republics.

Conference Chairman Lord Carrington said on British Radio the EC should keep trying to find a political solution to the conflict. The start of the meeting was delayed by an hour by talks be-tween Mr. Milosevie and Lord

Carrington. The latest peace effort has been shaken by a boycott of the talks by the Serbian bloc of the collective Yugoslav Presidency and by continued fighting in the crumbling federation despite further EC ceasefire attempts.

Former British Foreign Secretary Carrington, asked about the peace process by British Broad-

LONDON (AP) — The opposi-

tion Labour Party moved into a

six-point lead over the Conserva-

tives in an opinion poll released

Thursday, another in a series of

surveys showing a decline in sup-port for the ruling party.

(NOP) survey for the Indepen-

dent newspaper and the Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) also

showed that nearly twice as many

people trust Labour to protect the National Health Service

Labour's gain came largely at the expense of the Liberal Demo-

crats, according to the poll.

The Tory rating at 39 per cent

SEOUL (R) — South Korean

Prime Minister Chung Won-Shik returned from North Korea Fri-

day with a "breakthrough" agree-

ment to discuss a non-aggression

pact, but officials warned that a

final accord may be hard to

They also reiterated Seoul's

tional inspection, a demand

Smiling broadly in the crisp

Korean autumn, Chung crossed

the world's most heavily fortified

frontier at the Panmunjom truce

village to end a four-day visit to

the North Korean capital Pyon-

brazen and provocative act."

Seoul officials warn pact

with North is not easy

The National Opinion Polls

But what I am sure of is that one has to go on trying, because if we fail the consequences for the people of Yugoslavia are going to be perfectly terrible in terms of human misery.'

The EC is to present a fleshedont version of a plan agreed by all the republics except Serbia at last week's session of the conference. It foresees a looser association for the six republics and two pro-vinces, which group 23.5 million ethnically and religiously diverse

The new 11-page document circulated among journalists Friday sets out the same general terms, talking of "a free association" of sovereign and indepen-dent republics within the existing

The draft calls for autonomy for certain national or ethnic groups where they form a majority within republics and adds that such areas must be permanently demilitarised.

Meanwhile, a Yugoslav army pilot defected in his fighter plane to neighbouring Austria Friday,

was unchanged a similar NOP

poll conducted last month, which

gave Labour a 3 per cent lead.

the support of 45 per cent of

those polled, np from 42 per cent

a month ago; the Conservatives held on to 39 per cent; the Liberal

Democrats had 12 per cent, a

two-point drop; others had 4 per

It was the second poil in a week

to show an advantage for Labour.

A Harris -poll for the Observer

newspaper conducted last week

put Labour seven points ahead of the Conservatives.

The polls are being watched because Prime Minister John Ma-

Chung and his northern coun-

terpart, Yon Hyong-Muk, agreed

on working-level talks to draft an

accord on reconciliation and non-

aggression aimed at easing four

cent, a loss of one.

NOP said that Labour received

Austrian Radio reported. The pilot landed his Soviet-

U.K. Labour takes 6 point lead in poll

Klagenfurt shortly after 10 a.m. (0900 GMT). It was the first defection of a pilot with his aircraft in the war between the

Serbian-led army and the breakaway Republic of Croatia. "I was informed by the security services at Klagenfurt that a Yugoslav army pilot had landed and was seeking political asylum," Interior Minister Franz

currently being questioned." The Austrian News Agency (APA) said Austrian authorities identified the pilot as 33-year-old Rudolf P. His surname was with-

Loeschnak told the radio. "He is

"I am a Croat and I don't want to fire on my own people," he was quoted by police as saying during questioning.

He told police his 50-minute

defection flight began in Bihac, a strategie Yugoslav military base 100 kilometres south of the Croatian capital, in the neighbouring republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina. The MiG-21 was not armed,

and its two extra fuel tanks were empty, said Austrians who examined the aircraft. The Yugoslav army launched a

new mortar attack on the historic Adriatic port of Dubrovnik Friday, just hours before the start of

jor must call an election by July

NOP also found that only 30

per cent of voters share the gov-ernment's view that "the NHS

provides a better service today

more to take the right decisions

about the National Health Ser-

vice, 55 per cent said Labour

while 28 per cent replied Con-

servative, NOP said, NOP interviewed 1,545 people

Saturday, Sunday and Monday, a

week after the end of the Tory

Party conference and following

renewed debate about the NHS:

The margin of error was 3.5 per

Asked which party they trusted

than it did 10 years ago."

peace talks with the European Community in the Hague, Croatian Radio said.

It said the army fired mortars on the eastern approaches to the city in the early hours of the morning despite a truce agreed with Croatian forces

The radio gave no other details of the new attack on Dubrovnik but said that on Thursday shells fell on hotels and residential areas and landed near a hospital and in the city harbour.

It was not clear whether any historic buildings were hit.

The advance on and bombardment of Dubrovnik prompted sharp Western criticism of the siege of an historic port deemed a world heritage site by the United

"The ceasefire was shortlived," said Simon Smits, head of a 200-strong European Community observer group in Yugoslavia, referring to a local truce supposed to have started at five p.m. (1600 GMT) Thursday.

In a new strain on the collapsing Yugoslav Federation, Serbs voted Thursday night to set up their own parliament in Bosnia-Herzegovina because the other main ethnic groups in the volatile republie have declared it a sovereign state.

Regional

willing to

take on

Russia

omous Republic.

strongman

GROZNY, USSR (AP) — Retired General Dzhokhar Dudayev

has spent his career being bold -

The 46-year-old former bom-

ber pilot is the best-known of four

candidates for president in Sun-

day's elections. If be wins, he says, he would consider having

bis small enclave wage war

against the garagantuan Russian

Republic.

I believe there is a realistic

threat of war," he said in his office, which was bustling with

aides in hlue suits and camouflage

gear. "I have no illusion that

Russia will release its colonies."

the Chechen-Ingush Republic, a

part of southern Russia, on Sept.

government buildings and ousted

the Communist government for

purportedly supporting the failed

His attempts to create as

sovereign Chechen nation prom-

poted Russian President Boris

Yeltsin last Saturday to issue a

three-day deadline for Gen.

Dudayev to relinquish seized gov-

ernment buildings and disarm his

National Guard and raucous gun-

waving army of young volunteers.

August coup.

hen his supporters occupied

Gen. Dudayev took control of

Ukrainian parliament backs economic reforms

KIEV, Soviet Union (R) — The Ukrainian parliament changed its mind Friday and backed its government's plans for economic reform, including mass privatisation, after securing independence from Moscow.

One day after rejecting detailed government plans for a separate Ukrainian currency, central bank and customs, de puties voted 284 to 39 in favour of a two-paragraph resolution supporting the government's policy.

The parliament put off until next week a debate on proposals to close down the Chernobyl nuclear power station.

The economic policy resolution authorised minister of the second most important Soviet republic to implement "the privatisation of property, the liberalisation of prices, financial and agrarian reform and the social needs of the population.'

A lot of talking clearly went on last night and people appear to have calmed down," said Viktor Lisitsky, a Ukrainian member of the federal Soviet parliament.

The government has been talking about privatisation for a month without achieving anything. The idea now is to get on with the business of setting up an economy after independence without fighting over specific

plans," he added.

Radical deputies said Thursday the plan was not drafted properly and called for the resignation of Prime Minister Vitold Fokin.

Parliament's turbulent session came in the middle of a referendum campaign in which voters on but his past exploits would pale in the face of what he's considering doing if he becomes president of the Chechen-Ingush Auton-Dec. 1 are likely to back the Ukraine's independence from Moscow.

National sentiment reached fever pitch after the failed hardline coup against Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev in August and now even conservative deputies favour independence.

Local journalists said Mr.

Fokin's removal could have delayed moves towards independence and this forced radicals to rethink their position and back the government On Chernobyl, deputies were expected to vote for complete

of the world's worst nuclear accident, as soon as technically possi-Deputy Vladimir Yavorivsky, logist who has led the campaign for its closure, told

closure of the station, site in 1986

deputies they would be fully informed of the consequences in the coming winter of removing the station from the Soviet power There was no indication

whether deputies would debate the question of whether the Ukraine would adhere to an econamie agreement binding together Soviet republics and the Kremlin following the collapse of the country's main institutions in Turkmenian mission in Moscow. Turkmenian mission in Moscow.

More looting in Zaire as West pressures Mobutu

KINSHASA (R) - Looting con- there. tinued in Zaire's second city early Friday as Western pressure mounted on President Mobutu piled pressure on Mr. Mobutu to Sese Seko to make peace with the pull back from the precipice and

Belgium told thousands of its nationals who have stayed in Zaire despite violent riots and looting to leave the former Belgian colony at once to avoid potting their lives in danger.

Diplomatic sources said soldiers and civilians were methodically pillaging houses in Lubum-bashi, the capital of South East Shaba province.

At least 17 people were killed in the city this week after armyled looting began Monday, the medical aid charity Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF) said

"There is a breakdown of authority in Lubumbashi. Looters are going methodically from one abandoned house to another," a Western diplomat said. Most of the 1,400 remaining

expatriates in Lubumbashi, the ntre of Zaire's crucial mining industry, are being evacuated by Belgian paratroopers. A convoy of foreigners would

leave Friday by road to Zambia,

Belgian Prime Minister Wilfried Martens said in a statement Friday: "In the light of the latest developments in Zaire the government finds itself obliged to insist forcefully that all Belgians leave the country so as not to put their lives and security at risk. "This evacuation should hap-

pen at once so that it can benefit from the final protection of Belgian soldiers in Zaire," the statement said.

Some 4,500 Belgians are still in aire. Before riots and pillaging plunged the country into chaos a month ago about 10,000 live

Both the United States and Western European countries compromise with the main opposition parties backed by

ordinary Zaireans. The French Foreign Ministry said Friday that the remaining French nationals in Zaire are to be evacuated and immediately afterwards France will withdraw the troops it sent to keep the

"Given the situation in Zaire, the French embassy in Kinshasa has been told to organise, in coordination with the Belgian authorities, all the necessary means to repatriate the whole of the French community in Zaire as soon as possible," said Ministry spokesman Daniel Bernard,
"The French troops will be

withdrawn as soon as the departure of French nationals has been guaranteed... our cooperation (with Zaire) has been broken off." he added.

The capital was calm Friday morning, 24 hours after violent riots erupted in protest at Mr. Mobutn's choice of prime minis-

He picked veteran campaigner Mungul Diaka as Zaire's fourth premier in 1991, defying Western and domestic pressure to reap-point opposition leader Etienne

In its toughest statement since the crisis exupted in Zaire last month with army-led riots, the United States effectively rejected Mr. Mungul as a credible pre-

"An effective and credible government in Zaire is an immediate necessity...: such a government must be formed and led by a prime minister having broad popular support," the State De-

Soviet Turkmenia set to declare independence

MOSCOW (R) - The conserva- by a change in inter-republican tive Soviet Central Asian Repubriclations. After the comp, central republics to do so since August's in an interview failed hardline coup. "Almost all

pendence Sunday. Republican officials say the

coup, after which all the republics Soviet Union. The republic was except Turkmenia, Russia and one of the eight which last week

"Our population favoured lapse this winter maintaining the union, and is still for the preservation of a single economic space," said Anatoly

lic of Turkmenia is set; this control collpased. Ours was one weekend to declare independ- of the last republics to decide on ence, making it one of the last declaring independence," be said "Almost all the others have

A popular referendum on done it and we had to come to our whether the mainly desert repub- own conclusion," he said.

lic should secode from Moscow is A joint statement by President set for Saturday and most of the Saparmurad Niyazov and the 3.6 million population are likely Turkemenian parliament published last week said the republic Leaders in the republic, which could not be diverted from the relies heavily on its cotton crop, path to independence and would to defend its territory.

In a national referendum move towards secession from March, over 95 per cent of Turk-Moscow was sparked by the menians voted to maintain the Kazakhstan declared independ- signed a key economic agreement to prevent total economic col-

Turkmenia has always been one of the most conservative republics, where local leaders have

Taiwan criminais using pigeons to collect ransom

COLUMN

lmeida getting her

MANILA (AP) — The govern

ment of President Corazda

Acuino has decided to return

Imelda Marcos's world-famous

shoe collection, a major attrac-

tion of the Malacanang Presiden-

tial Palace Museum. Presidential

executive secretary Franklin Drilon said Thursday that Mrs.

Marcos' 1,700 pairs of shoes and

other "personal effects" such as

perfume and underwear will be

given back to her when she re-

turns from exile next month. "We

will give back all her personal.

effects," Mr. Drilon said. "Even

if she doesn't claim them, we will

give them back to her." Press

Undersecretary Horacio

Paredes earlier said Mrs. Marcos

had to first prove she owned

them. The shoes, including a pair

with blirking disco lights, plus a

bullet-proof bra and a basement-

full of gowns, are the main attrac-

tions of a tour of Malacanang.

The palace was abandoned by the

late President Ferdinand Marcos

and his family when he was top-

pled in a popular revolt.

shoes back -- all

1,700 pairs

TAIPEI (R) - Car thieves in Taiwan have found an ingenious way to evade police while collecting ransoms from owners for the return of their vehicles - homing pigeons. They leave a ransom note and a pigeon, promising to return the car if the bird is despatched with cash in a can tied toits body, police said Wednesday. Once we tried to catch the thieves by using telescopes to follow the pigeon. But it fiew too high and too fast and we lost sight of it," Chen Chiao-Ching, head of the central city of Changwa Criminal Affairs Department, said by telephone. Breeding pigeons is a popular pastime in Taiwan, where the birds are kept as pets and flown in races.

Woman gives birth to 4th set of triplets

YAOUNDE (R) — A woman m the central African country of Cameroon has given birth to her fourth set of triplets, the official daily Cameroon Tribune said Tuesday. It said 30-year-old Falmata Ahba, from the poor borne 14 children in all including one pair of twins since she was married at the age of 10. One child died but the rest were all well, the paper added.

Tibet plans highest, coidest beauty

1

HONG KONG (E) - Goosepimples and vertigo will be justsome of the hazards facing contestants when the Himalayan region of Tibet holds its first beautty pageant this winter. Perhans the highest and coldest of its kind in the world, the beauty contest has the go-ahead from the Chinese authorities and will be held in Lhasa on Dec. 7, Ernesto Barba, Italian manager of the Holiday Inn Hotel that will host the event, said Wednesday. "It will be a big extravaganza." said Mr. Barba, speaking by telephone from Lhasa, the regional capital. Several attempts by Chinese cities, including Shanghai, to boost their profile by holding beauty contests have foundered in recent years because of political ill winds blowing from Communist hardliners. Tibet has its own special problems, rocked in the past few years by pro-independence demonstrations and the brutal suppression by police. Foreign tourism has begun to revive only this year after 14 months of martial law was lifted in May 1990.

indonesians may enter beauty shows.

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesian-

women will be allowed to enter international heauty contests again after a 20-year-old base and may even wear bikinis if they? stay in a swimming pool, News papers in the country with the world's largest Muslim popular tion front-paged on Wednesday. President Suharto's wife Ties meeting members of the Beauty Queen Foundation to discuss representative for the 1993 Min Universe pageant Foundation head Dewi Motile said it would erase the image of Indonesian women being sem absolutionly as menial workers. At observer only will be sent this Universe contest in Ba

The deadline passed without inci-**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** The referendum was caused blocked streets with burning barricades and a bus. **Ü.N.** peace force faces big problems in Cambodia The sky lit up in much of

ANC, other groups discuss united front

CAPE TOWN (AP) — Black leaders urged a meeting of more than 70 anti-apartheid groups Friday to set aside their differences and form a united front to face the government in talks on political reform. Hundreds of delegates applauded as Walter Sisuln, deputy president of the African National Congress, and Clarence Makwetu, president of the Pan Africanist Congress, opened the Patriotic Front Conference. The meeting is aimed at uniting the widely disparate groups into a single force before negotiations begin with the government on a constitution ending white-minority rule. The government and ANC want those negotiations to begin this year.

White House agrees on rights biii WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush has agreed to

accept a modified version of the Senate's long-disputed civil rights bill, his Chief of Staff John Sunum said. The leading Republican sponsor, Sen. John Danforth, said the latest revision also had been accepted by the top Democratic supporter of civil rights legislation, Sen. Edward M. Kennedy. Senate Democrats scheduled a private caucus Friday morning to consider the latest Republican offer. It emerged from a long day of private negotiations, first among Senate Republicans and White House officials, and later including Sen. Kennedy. "We were finally able to get language accepted that eliminated the prospects of quotas. That's a very significant change," Mr. Sununu said. "I spoke with the preisdent. It appears the proposal is acceptable and if there are no additional changes to what is there, the president is willing to sign that bill," he said.

Senate votes to probe Thomas leak

WASHINGTON (AP) - The Senate has voted 86-12 for a four-month special counsel's investigation into the leaks of sexual harassment allegations against Clarence Thomas. Thomas was approved by the Senate and sworn in Wednesday as a Supreme Court associate justice, but only after an extraordinary public hearing that thrashed out the charges in front of a spellbound national television audience. The resolution was sponsored by Democratic members and passed over Republican objections. It will include leaks that mostly harmed Democrats during the ethics committee's investigation into allegations that five senators four Democrats and one Republican - improperly intervened with federal regulators on behalf of Charles Keating. He headed a failed savings and loan association. Mr. Bush earlier blasted Congress as a "privileged class of rulers" who shatter public confidence in government by holding themselves above the laws they pass for others.

Athens i polytechnic ablaze after violent clashes

decades of hostility on the Ko-ATHENS (R) - The centre of The two prime ministers also demand that the North submit its agreed to meet again in Scoul Athens looked like a war zone nuclear programme to interna- from Dec. 10 to 13, by which time Friday, with the city's polytechnic on fire and shops smashed and a draft agreement could be ready Pyongyang has denounced as "a for their consideration. looted after the worst clashes in vears between students and The agreement, the first prog-

ress in four rounds of talks between the two Koreas at premier Twenty people were injured in level, was hailed by South Koall-night skirmishes between police and students demanding rean officials as a "breakmore spending on education. through" for inter-Korean rela-

Witnesses said 500 riot police fired thousands of rounds of teargas and fought hundreds of protesters who ocenpied the polytechnic building, hurled petrol bombs, threw rocks, and

Athens as a fire raged for five hours in the polytechnic before it was brought under control.

The neo-classical building was badly damaged and officials said the blaze was deliberately set by some 100 anarchists inside. The school's dean asked police to clear the building. Fnrty-nine people were

"We are afraid this is not the end. Many anarchists left the building during the night but they may come back and create more problems," a senior police officer

The clashes started Thursday after a march by some 1,500 students to the Education Ministry to demand more spending on education and the abolition of mid-term examinations reintroduced this year.

Police said that at the end of the demonstration the anarchists harled stones and other abjects at the ministry building and then went on to occupy the polytechnic.

The students have occupied more than 100 schools for the past two weeks and bave threatened to take over all 1,600 high schools in Greece if the government does not meet their

Student protests in January resnlted in the resignation of Education Minister Vassilis Kontoyanopoulos when a teacher was killed during a similar march.

"The damage in the polytechnic is tremendous. The fire totally destroyed one building which was built 150 years ago and priceless books, paintings and furniture. Today is a day of mourning for Greek academic society," said Nikos Markatos, dean of the polytechnic.

BANGKOK (R) — The interna- already there. tional peacekeeping force to be sent to Cambodia faces enormous problems policing armies for whom war has become a way of

life, Western military experts said

Friday.
"It's certainly not a simple situation. In fact it's a pretty bloody serious situation. To send in too few troops would be ludicrous," said one military attache.

Even after Cambodian leaders signed a peace accord in Paris Wednesday, heavy shelling in the northwest rattled windows in the Thai border town of Aranyap-

factions is not there," said Ok Serei Sopheak, an official of the Khmer People's National Liberation Front guerrillas. "There's been war in Cambo-

"The trust between the four

dia for over 20 years and we used to kill each other. It's going to take time." Under the treaty United Na-

tions peacekeeping troops forming part of the U.N. Transitional Authority in Cambodia (UN-TAC) are charged with disarming combatants and policing a cease-

The size of the force is still to be decided. A civilian and military van-

guard - the U.N. advance mission in Cambodia — has begun arriving in the capital Phnom Michel Loridon.

ing 40-member communications rival armies. unit and two of its officers are In a mulitinational force co-

The full UNTAC is expected to begin operations in 1992, staying for 18 months at a cost topping \$1 billion.

It has not been decided who will UNTAC's military side. Australia has put in a bid for the chief military post as it will probably contribute more than 1,000

Estimates on UNTAC's size go as high as 20,000. A Western defence expert in Bangkok said a force numbering

tens of thousands would be prohibitively expensive. "It would be a fortune billions of dollars. You have to find housing for them or build it.

Where are you going to put them, where are you going to find food, water and electricity? "I can imagine a military force of around 2,000," said a Western

defence attache in the Thai capit-

al. "It's got to be at least that number to be effective." Mr. Ok Serei Sopheak said at least 10,000 troops were needed. The rival guerrilla armies are

spread over handreds of kilometres of barren countryside, where tropical diseases like malaria are endemic. Few roads exist and most fo them are just pot-holed tracks. Many bridges have been blown up.

In years of jungle warfare, Penh. The soldiers will be led by large guerrilla forces have be-French Brigadier-General Jean- come adept at hiding in thinly populated country. Intelligence The vanguard will include 50 on their whereabonts is military officers and 20 experts in radimentary and no reliable estimine clearing. Australia is send- mates exist about the size of the

ordination will also be a problem. France, Cambodia's former colonial ruler, has pushed for in the past decade. French-led operation with French as the official UNTAC language.

An English-speaking diplomat dismissed the idea as ridiculous. The Western attache said officers from the advance mission would station themselves at the beadquarters of the various armics to monitor the ceasefire. Finding the base of an army as

secretive as that of the Khmer Rouge might be difficult.
"The Khmer Rouge can just point to a spot on the map and take them to a place with a typewriter and a table and call it

their headquarters," said Mr. Ok Serei Sopheak. "Even we don't know where the Khmer Rouge are right now.", He said it was sometimes impossible to distinguish between guerrilla nnits, government.

troops, and Vietnamese whom the guerrillas say are still fighting in the Phnom Penh army. "As the French say, after dark all casts are grey." He accused other factions of

already stashing guns to circumvent U.N.-supervised disarmament and demobilisation. Mr. Ok's own troops are said by foreign relief workers to show a penchant for banditry.

Gangs of renegades and descrters from all factions are operating along the border with Thailand. Aid workers fear the danger will grow as thousands of hungry combatants are demobilised with little chance of a job.

The peacekeepers will be at risk from the countless thousands of landmines strewn over the

countryside that have caused up to 20,000 Cambodian causalties

U.N. units might also get caught in the crossfire of any renewed fighting, as has hap-pened often elsewhere in the Said one diplomat: "UNTAC

are not there to get into fisticuffs. It's impossible to make peace without the willingness of the Cambodians." Thai Prime Minister Anand Panyarachun said the agreement

ending the war in neighbouring Cambodia opened up a new cra but peace would not come easily. This is a good sign for the region. At least we have peace and cooperation on paper now,"

be was quoted by state radio as

saying Thursday.
"This does not mean that peace will come easily. There might be some incidents that will not be in conformity with the agreement," be said.

He pledged Thai help in rebuilding the shattered country but also urged developed countries to take the lead.

Thailand has staunchly supported the Khmer Rougedominated guerrilla coalition for most of the 13-year civil war, which formally ended with the signing of a peace treaty in Paris

Thailand has allowed the guerrillas sanctuary on its soil and acted as a conduit for arms.

In recent years it has sought a role a peace-maker under a policy which former Prime Minister Chatichai Choonhavan called "battlefields to marketplaces."

